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## **Financial Ratios**

				GROUP
OK MILLION RE	FERENCE	30.06.14	30.06.13	THE YEAR2013
ummary of results				
et income from interest and credit commissions		233	190	410
tal other operating income		132	144	283
tal income		365	334	693
otal other operating expense		114	107	215
perating profit/(loss) before impairment losses		251	227	478
npairment losses on loans and advances		26	72	129
rofit before tax		225	155	349
omputed tax charge		58	44	97
rofit after tax		167	111	252
rofit after tax				
eturn on equity	1	9.3 %	6.7 %	7.3 %
et interest	2	1.26 %	0.94 %	1.00 %
et ratio	:++	31.2 %	32.0 %	31.0 %
ost-income ratio incl. equity surcharge and return on equity in SpareBank 1 Næringskred	ITT 	26.0 %	31.3 %	30.0 %
a <b>lance sheet figures</b> ross loans		28 631	32 206	29 309
ustomer deposits		13 891	32 206 16 360	29 309 15 169
eposit-to-loan ratio	4	48.5 %	50.8 %	51.8 %
owth in lending (gross), last 12 months	4	-11.1 %	3.1 %	-12.0 %
owth in deposits. last 12 months		-15.1 %	3.8 %	-10.3 %
rerage total assets	5	36 894	40 551	39 463
tal assets		36 418	40 810	37 505
alance sheet figures inc. SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt				
ross lending		50 255	49 746	50 025
ustomer deposits		13 891	16 360	15 169
rowth in lending (gross). last 12 months		1.0 %	5.6 %	1.1 %
rowth in deposits. last 12 months		-15.1 %	3.8 %	-10.3 %
eposit-to-loan ratio. managed		27.6 %	32.9 %	30.3 %
npairment losses and defaults. Group				
oss ratio lending	6	0.18 %	0.44 %	0.41 %
on-performing loans as % of gross lending		1.28 %	2.48 %	1.91 %
ther doubtful commitments as % of gross lending	7	1.36 %	1.27 %	2.25 %
npairment losses and defaults. inc. SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Bo		0.10.0/	0.20.0/	0.26.04
sss ratio lending on-performing loans as % of gross lending	6	0.10 % 0.73 %	0.29 % 1.63 %	0.26 % 1.14 %
ther doubtful commitments as % of gross lending	7	0.73 %	0.82 %	1.14 %
			0.02 /0	
plvency apital adequacy ratio		18.31 %	14.25 %	15.44 %
er 1 capital ratio		15.78 %	11.95 %	13.02 %
pre tier 1 capital ratio		14.04 %	10.16 %	11.07 %
er 1 capital		3 615	3 168	3 705
ibordinated capital		4 194	4 444	4 393
ffices and staffing				
o. of offices		2	2	2
umber of full-time equivalents		114	116	111
hares				
rnings per share for the period (whole NOK)		11.83	7.86	17.85

## Reference

1) Profit after tax as a percentage of average equity

2) Total net income year to date relative to average total assets

3) Total operating expense as a percentage of total operating income

4) Customer deposits as a percentage of customer loans

5) Average total assets is calculated as the average quarterly total assets as of the last five quarters

6) Net losses as a percentage of average gross lending. year to date

7) The figures include the Guarantee Portfolio

## Report from the Board of Directors

### Summary of Quarter 2 2014

The comparative figures in parentheses are for the first quarter of 2014.

- Net interest income amounted to NOK 126 million (NOK 107 million)
- Other operating income amounted to NOK 75 million
   (NOK 57 million)
- Profit after tax of NOK 93 million (NOK 74 million)
- Profit after tax from core business totalling NOK 94 million (NOK 72 million)
- Other operating expense amounted to NOK 56 million (NOK 58 million)
- Costs constituted 28 per cent of total income (35 per cent)
- Return on equity after tax of 10.3 per cent (8.2 per cent)
- Impairment losses on loans constituted an expense of NOK 21 million (expense of NOK 5 million)

### Summary as at 30 June 2014

The comparative figures in parentheses concern the corresponding period last year.

- Net interest income amounted to NOK 233 million (NOK 190 million)
- Other operating income amounted to NOK 132 million
   (NOK 144 million)
- Profit after tax amounted to NOK 167 million (NOK 111 million)
- Profit after tax from core business totalling NOK 166 million (NOK 113 million)
- Other operating expense amounted to NOK 114 million
   (NOK 107 million)
- Costs constituted 31 per cent of total income (32 per cent)
- Return on equity after tax of 9.3 per cent (6.7 per cent)
- Return on equity after tax from core business at 9.5 per cent (6.7 per cent)
- Growth in lending in the managed portfolio of NOK 509 million during the past 12 months (NOK 2,621 million)
- The margin on loans measured against the 3-month NIBOR rose by 6 basis points during the past 12 months to 2.38 per cent (2.32 per cent)
- The deposit margin measured against the 3-month NIBOR rose by 25 basis points during the past 12 months to -0.92 per cent (-1.17 per cent)
- Impairment losses on loans and advances of NOK 26 million (NOK 72 million)
- First report on capital adequacy according to the AIRB method for corporate engagements
- Capital adequacy ratio of 18.3 per cent (14.3 per cent)
- Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of 15.8 per cent (12.0 per cent)
- Core tier 1 capital ratio of 14.0 per cent (10.2 per cent)

## Results for Quarter 2 2014

The comparative figures in parentheses are for the first quarter of 2014.

During the second quarter of 2014, profit after tax was NOK 93 million (NOK 74 million). This gave an annualised return on equity of 10.3 per cent (8.2 per cent). The key factors behind the increase are higher net interest income, the dividend from SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt and greater changes in the value of financial instruments, while losses had a negative impact.

Total income was NOK 201 million during the second quarter of 2014 (NOK 164 million).

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	CHANGE
Total income	201	164	37
Late payment interest and net inte	erest fees		24
Dividend from OMF companies			12
Commission income from OMF co	mpanies		2
Changes in value			3
Margin and volume of lending, de	posits and ot	her securities	-4

During the second quarter, net interest income amounted to NOK 126 million (NOK 107 million). Previous unrecognised late payment interest and a higher deposit margin had a positive impact, while a somewhat lower lending volume and margin had a negative impact.

During the second quarter, other operating income excluding changes in value amounted to NOK 63 million (NOK 49 million). The change was primarily due to a share dividend from SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt. Commission income from SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt amounted to NOK 48 million (NOK 46 million). The commission is calculated as the interest on loans less costs incurred by SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt. The costs includes a premium for the capital that the shareholders have invested in SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt for loans that BN Bank has transferred to this company.

Operating expense for the second quarter of 2014 was NOK 56 million (NOK 58 million). Operating expense has remained low as a result of a focus on efficiency and costs. BN Bank aims to be one of Norway's most cost-effective banks. Other operating expense amounted to 28 per cent of total income during the second quarter of 2014 (35 per cent). Adjusted for the equity surcharge in SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt, costs amount to 23 per cent of income. During the second quarter of 2014, NOK 21 million was expensed in respect of impairment losses on loans and advances (NOK 5 million). Individual and collective impairment losses on loans were distributed as follows:

NOK MILLION	INDIVIDUAL	GROUPE
Corporate Market	22	-6
Retail Market	2	0
Guarantee Portfolio	24	-21

### As at 30 June 2014

The comparative figures in parentheses apply as at 30 June 2013.

During the first six months of 2014, the BN Bank Group posted a profit after tax of NOK 167 million (NOK 111 million). This gives an annualised return on equity after tax of 9.3 per cent (6.7 per cent). Greater margins and reduced losses had a positive impact, while somewhat higher costs, lower commission income and changes in the value of financial instruments had a negative impact.

The Bank's core business (the result of the corporate and retail banking operations) saw an increase in post-tax profit of NOK 53 million, up from NOK 113 million in the first half of 2013 to NOK 166 million in the first half of 2014.

#### Income

Total income was NOK 365 million (NOK 334 million). BN Bank has improved its margins in both the corporate and retail markets during the past year. The Bank's total margin on loans measured against the 3-month NIBOR during the first half of 2014 was 2.38 per cent (2.32 per cent).

The Bank's deposit margin measured against the 3-month NIBOR during the first half of 2014 was -0.92 per cent (-1.17 per cent).

Other operating expense for the first half of 2014 was NOK 132 million (NOK 144 million). Reduced commission income from SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and lower changes in value had a negative impact, while higher commission income and a larger dividend from SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt had a positive effect.

### Costs

Operating expense amounted to NOK 114 million (NOK 107 million). Costs during the first half of 2014 constituted 31 per cent of total income (32 per cent). Adjusted for the equity surcharge and return in SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt, the cost ratio is 26 per cent (31 per cent).

#### Losses on loans and non-performing loans

Net impairment losses on loans and guarantees totalled NOK 26 million (NOK 72 million).

Defaults in excess of 90 days amounted to 1.28 per cent of gross lending within the Group as at 30 June 2014 (2.48 per cent). With a deduction for individual write-downs, non-performing and doubtful loans amounted to NOK 512 million (NOK 1,012 million) at the end of the first half of 2014, equivalent to 1.79 per cent (3.14 per cent) of gross lending within the Group and the Guarantee Portfolio. See Note 6 for more information.

Impairment losses during the first half of 2014 were distributed as follows:

NOK MILLION	INDIVIDUAL	GROUP
Corporate Market	21	-4
Retail Market	5	2
Guarantee Portfolio	25	-23

Loan loss provisions within the core business amounted to NOK 229 million at the end of the second quarter of 2014. Of this figure, individual write-downs account for NOK 170 million and collective write-downs NOK 59 million. Total loan loss provisions as at the end of the second quarter of 2014 were distributed as follows:

(NOK MILLION)	LENDING GROUP
213	1.03
16	0.20
	213

BN Bank has previously sold its portfolio in Ålesund to SpareBank 1 SMN. BN Bank now provides guarantees for 60% of the credit risk for this portfolio (referred to as the Guarantee Portfolio) of NOK 417 million. Including the loss that has already been determined, the Bank's maximum exposure is thus down to NOK 196 million, which at the end of the second quarter of 2014 represented 0.7% of the Group's total lending. The total provision for losses in the Guarantee Portfolio was NOK 81 million as at the end of June 2014.

#### Balance sheet developments and capital

Gross managed lending<sup>1</sup> has risen by NOK 0.5 billion, or 1 per cent, in the past 12 months. Gross managed loans totalled NOK 50.3 billion at the end of the second quarter 2014.

NOK BILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13
Gross lending	50.3	49.8
Change last 12 months	0.5	2.7

<sup>1</sup> Gross managed lending is the sum total of corporate and retail lending in BN Bank, SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt. Gross managed lending had the following segmental exposure:

NOK BILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13
Retail Market	16.9	15.2
Corporate Market	33.4	34.6

Corporate Market has reduced lending by NOK 1.2 billion, or 3 per cent, during the past 12 months. The lending volume in the retail market rose by NOK 1.7 billion, or 11 per cent, during the same period.

Deposits fell by NOK 2.5 billion, or 15 per cent. Total deposits amounted to NOK 13.9 billion at the end of the second quarter. The deposit-to-loan ratio was 49 per cent at the end of the second quarter, a reduction of 2.3 percentage points during the past 12 months.

To date in 2014, the Bank has issued certificates and bonds totalling NOK 2.8 billion in the Norwegian bond market. BN Bank has a conservative liquidity strategy. BN Bank has established a goal of being able to manage without access to new external financing sources for a period of 12 months. At the end of the second quarter of 2014, the Bank met this goal. BN Bank's liquidity portfolio amounted to NOK 6.6 billion at the end of the second quarter 2014.

At the end of the first quarter of 2014, loans worth NOK 12.8 billion had been transferred to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt, while loans amounting to NOK 8.8 billion had been transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt. In total, the Bank has transferred 38 per cent of loans for commercial property and 52 per cent of residential mortgage loans to these two companies. During the past 12 months, the Bank has transferred net amounts of NOK 1.9 billion and NOK 2.2 billion to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt respectively.

The Bank's total assets amounted to NOK 36.4 billion as at 30 June 2014 (NOK 40.8 billion). Including loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt and SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt, total assets amounted to NOK 58.0 billion (NOK 54.5 billion).

In a letter from the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway dated 15 April 2014, BN Bank was granted permission to apply the advanced IRB approach for corporate loans. This permission applies to corporate loans on the balance sheets of BN Bank ASA and Bolig- og Næringskreditt AS. The IRB approach has been used for the first time as at the end of the second quarter of 2014. The risk weighted assets has decreased by around 18 per cent during the past quarter, primarily as a result of the permission referred to above. BN Bank's capital adequacy ratio, tier 1 capital ratio and core tier 1 capital ratio were as follows:

FIGURES AS %	30.06.14	30.06.13
Capital adequacy ratio	18,3	14,3
Tier 1 capital ratio	15,8	12,0
Core tier 1 capital ratio	14,0	10,2

The Board of Directors has adopted a provisional capital plan for BN Bank aimed at attaining a core tier 1 capital ratio of 13 per cent by the end of the second quarter of 2016. See Note 13 for further details concerning capital adequacy ratio and solvency.

### Accounting policies

BN Bank presents its consolidated interim financial statements in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). See Note 1 for more information.

The interim financial statements give a true and fair view of the BN Bank Group's assets and liabilities, financial position and performance. The interim financial statements are based on the assumption that the entity is a going concern.

## Subsidiaries

The BN Bank Group comprises BN Bank ASA and the credit institution Bolig- og Næringskreditt AS (BNkreditt). The Group also includes the real estate company Collection Eiendom AS.

BNkreditt presents separate financial statements in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Collection Eiendom presents its financial statements in compliance with NGAAP. See Note 1 for more information.

#### Bolig- og Næringskreditt AS (BNkreditt)

BNkreditt provides low-risk mortgage loans on commercial property. As at 30 June 2014, the company had a gross lending portfolio of NOK 17.1 billion, compared with NOK 18.0 billion as at 30 June 2013. As at 30 June 2014, a loan portfolio of NOK 12.8 billion had been transferred to Spare-Bank 1 Næringskreditt.

Profit after tax amounted to NOK 61 million as at 30 June 2014, compared with a post-tax profit of NOK 38 million during the same period in 2013. Reduced losses made a positive contribution, while lower commission income from SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt had a negative impact.

Impairment losses on loans and advances totalled NOK 16 million as at the end of the first half of 2014, compared with NOK 76 million during the first half of 2013. Collective write-downs fell by NOK 3 million during the first half of 2014 and amount to NOK 29 million, BNkreditt had NOK 3.5 billion in bond debt outstanding at the end of the second quarter of 2014, compared with NOK 3.4 billion at the end of the second quarter of 2013. BN Bank has provided guarantees that BNkreditt will have a minimum capital adequacy ratio and subordinated financing from the Bank of 20 per cent. The capital adequacy ratio was 21.3 per percent, while the tier 1 capital ratio was 18.3 per cent at the year-end 2. quarter of 2014. The amount BN Bank is ceding precedence for in relation to guarantees was NOK 0 million as at the second quarter of 2014.

#### **Collection Eiendom AS**

Collection Eiendom was established in 2010 for the purpose of owning and managing repossessed properties.

Collection Eiendom posted a zero result after tax for the second quarter of 2014 (NOK 0 million).

### Outlook

After a certain period of time with high lending margins and correspondingly low deposit margins, the first half of 2014 indicates that the margins are changing. The banks have reduced residential mortgage loan interest rates and deposit interest rates. There is also pressure on margins within the commercial property sector. The price of new borrowing fell during the first half of 2014. Lower borrowing prices will impact on the Bank's financial statements as the Bank refinances its borrowing, but will not significantly affect the Bank's financial figures in the short term. The underlying trend in costs is in line with the Board of Directors' plans.

Prices rose in the residential market during the first half of 2014. The retail market is still characterised by low unemployment and low interest rates. This means that households are well able to service their debts, and non-performing loans in the residential mortgage portfolio are at a low level. Average household debt is nevertheless still high, making some house-

holds vulnerable to interest rate rises and reductions in earnings. Given the situation in the market, it will be important to continue to maintain the Bank's conservative credit policy to ensure that the credit risk associated with the retail portfolio remains low. Within commercial property, there is no sign of the market moving significantly in any one direction in the fore-seeable future, although a weaker trend in the Norwegian economy may dampen demand for commercial properties.

Bonds issued by SpareBank1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt are an important aspect of the funding structure for the Bank's aggregate loan portfolio. At the same time, there are limits as to how large a share of the portfolio can be funded through covered bonds, and the Bank will continue to remain dependent on unsecured market funding. In recent quarters, BN Bank has increased the term of the Bank's market financing and, combined with a greater proportion of the Bank's total lending being financing through covered bonds, the Board believes that the Bank is wellequipped to face any adverse events in the financial markets.

During the second quarter of 2014, BN Bank was given permission to use the advanced IRB method for corporate loans on the balance sheets of BN Bank ASA and Bolig- og Næringskreditt AS. This permission results in a marked reduction in the risk weighted assets, and the core tier 1 capital adequacy ratio within the Group is 14.0 per cent as at the end of the second quarter. The Bank's target for core tier 1 capital adequacy ratio of 13 per cent as at the end of the second quarter of 2016 is therefore met.

Trondheim, 5 August 2014 The Board of Directors in BN Bank ASA

Tore Medhus (Deputy Chair) Rolf Eigil Bygdes

Finn Haugan (Chair) Harald Gaupen

Helene Jebsen Anker

Tina Steinsvik Sundt

Jannike Lund (Employee representative) Ella Skjørestad

Gunnar Hovland (Managing Director) GROUP: Income Statement| Balance Sheet | Changes in Equity| Cash Flow| Notes

# Income Statement

						GROUP
NOK MILLION	NOTE	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.13	FULL YEAR 2013
Interest and similar income Interest expense and similar charges		373 247	400 296	730 497	793 603	1 567 1 157
Net income from interest and credit commissions		126	104	233	190	410
Change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losse Other operating income	s 3,4 5	12 63	16 65	20 112	28 116	41 242
Total other operating income		75	81	132	144	283
Salaries and general administrative expenses Ordinary depreciation, amortisation and write-downs Other operating expense		47 2 7	42 3 7	97 4 13	87 6 14	176 12 27
Total other operating expense		56	52	114	107	215
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses		145	133	251	227	478
Impairment losses on loans and advances	6	21	20	26	72	129
Profit before tax		124	113	225	155	349
Tax charge		31	32	58	44	97
Profit after tax		93	81	167	111	252
Statement of other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Actuarial gains (losses) on pension plans		0	0	0	0	18 -5
Tax Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		0	0	0	0	-5
			-			
Total comprehensive income for the period		93	81	167	111	265

GROUP: Income Stateme

## Balance Sheet

			0	ROUP
NOK MILLION	NOTE	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Deferred tax assets		0	43	C
Intangible assets		8	7	7
Subordinated loans	11	0	0	1
Tangible fixed assets		12	15	13
Repossessed properties		7	16	3
Loans and advances	4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13	28 401	32 013	29 094
Prepayments and accrued income	11	191	9	58
Financial derivatives	4, 11, 12	610	633	622
Current securities investments	4, 11	6 6 3 8	6 545	6 1 2 2
Cash and balances due from credit institutions	11	551	1 529	1 585
Total assets		36 418	40 810	37 505
Share capital		706	706	706
Share premium		415	416	415
Other equity		2 407	2 325	2 480
Total equity		3 528	3 447	3 601
		5 520	5 47	5 001
Deferred tax		19	0	19
Subordinated loan capital	4, 10, 11	1 661	1 465	1 459
Liabilities to credit institutions	11	79	715	13
Debt securities in issue	4, 10, 11	16 546	17 992	16 517
Accrued expenses and deferred income	6, 11	143	248	187
Other current liabilities	11	24	20	16
Current taxes		58	35	37
Financial derivatives	4, 11, 12	469	528	487
Customer deposits and accounts payable to cust.	4, 11	13 891	16 360	15 169
Total liabilities		32 890	37 363	33 904
Total liabilities and equity		36 418	40 810	37 505

Trondheim, 5 August 2014 The Board of Directors in BN Bank ASA

Tore Medhus (Deputy Chair)

Rolf Eigil Bygdes

Finn Haugan (Chair)

Harald Gaupen

Helene Jebsen Anker

Tina Steinsvik Sundt

Jannike Lund (Employee representative) Ella Skjørestad

Gunnar Hovland (Managing Director) GROUP: Income Statemer

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## Change in Equity

				GROUP
NOK MILLION	SHARE	SHARE	RETAINED	TOTAL
	CAPITAL	PREMIUM	EQUITY	EQUITY
Balance Sheet as at 1 January 2013	668	266	2 402	3 336
Net income for the period	0	0	111	111
Share capital increase	38	149	0	187
Dividend paid	0	0	-187	-187
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2013	706	415	2 326	3 447
Net income for the period	0	0	141	141
Actuarial gains (losses) on pensions (net of tax)	0	0	13	13
Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2013	706	415	2 480	3 601
Net income for the period	0	0	167	167
Dividend paid	0	0	-240	-240
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2014	706	415	2 407	3 528

INTERIM REPORT GROUP

GROUP: Income Statement

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## Cash Flow Analysis

			GROUP
NOK MILLION	30.06. 2014	30.06. 2013	THE YEAR ÅRET 2013
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest/commission received and fees received from customers	761	817	1 537
Interest/commission paid and fees paid to customers	-54	-105	-502
Interest received on other investments	111	83	184
Interest paid on other loans	-349	-386	-698
Receipts/disbursements (-) on loans and advances to customers	641	1 091	3 982
Receipts/disbursements on customer deposits and accounts payable to cust.	-1 333	-722	-1 561
Receipts/disbursements (-) on liabilities to credit institutions	-16	239	-640
Receipts/disbursements (-) on issuing of securities	-113	-326	-1 785
Receipts on previously written-off debt	10	15	17
Other receipts/disbursements	12	-16	-73
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	-65	-42	-92
Payments to employees, pensions and national insurance expenses	-64	-53	-115
Tax paid	-37	-36	-71
Net cash flow from operating activities	-496	559	183
Net cash flow from operating activities	2	20	20
Receipts/payments (-) on receivables from credit institutions	2 -491	29 -409	30 13
Receipts/payments (-) on current securities investments			25
Proceeds from sale of operating assets, etc. Purchases of operating assets, etc.	3-9	13 -2	25 -5
	-9	-2	-5
Net cash flow from investing activities	-495	-369	63
Cash flow from financing activities			
Receipts/payments (-) on subordinated loan capital	197	-156	-156
Dividend paid	-240	0	0
Net cash flow from financing activities	-43	-156	-156
Not each flow for the pariod	1.024	٦ 4	00
Net cash flow for the period	-1 034	34	90
Cash and balances due from credit institutions as at 1 January	1 585	1 495	1 495
Cash and balances due from credit institutions as at the end of the period	551	1 529	1 585

ROUP: Income Statemen

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GROUP: Income Statement| Balance Sheet | Changes in Equity| Cash

## NOTE 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS, including IAS 34 on Interim Financial Reporting. A description of the accounting policies applied by the Group when preparing the interim financial statements is given in the annual report for 2013 with the following exceptions: .

IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" is based on the current principles of using the concept of control as the decisive criterion for determining whether a company should be included in the parent company's consolidated financial statements. The standard provides comprehensive guidance for assessing whether control is present in those cases where this is difficult to determine. As at the end of 2013, the Group has no assets in companies that must revise their accounting policies as a result of the standard. To date in 2014, there have also been no investments in companies which are subject to actual control and which should therefore be consolidated.

IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interest in Other Entities" contains notes concerning investments in other entities. The standard sets out requirements for notes concerning investments in subsidiaries, associated companies, special purpose entities (SPEs) and other unconsolidated companies. The aim is to provide information on characteristics and risks linked to the Group's investments in such companies and the effects that this has on the Group's balance sheet, income statement and cash flows. The Group has concluded that the standard will not have a material impact on the information disclosed in the financial statements.

## NOTE 2. INFORMATION ON OPERATING SEGMENTS

The segment report is regularly reviewed with the management. The management have chosen to subdivide the reporting segments according to the underlying business areas.

NOK MILLION	CORPORATE MARKET	RETAIL MARKET	GUARANTEE PORTFOLIO SMN	TOTAL 30.06.14
Net income from interest and credit commissions	174	59	0	233
Change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value Other operating income	13 40	7 70	0 3	20 112
Other operating income	53	76	3	132
Salaries and general administrative expenses Ordinary depreciation, amortisation and write-downs Other operating expense	-43 -1 -6	-55 -2 -7	0 0	-97 -4 -13
Total other operating expense	-50	-64	0	-114
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses	177	71	3	251
Impairment losses on loans and advances	-17	-7	-2	-26
Operating profit/(loss) after impairment losses	160	65	1	225
Computed tax charge	-44	-15	0	-58
Profit after tax	116	50	1	167

NOK MILLION	CORPORATE MARKET	RETAIL MARKET	GUARANTEE PORTFOLIO SMN	TOTAL 30.06.14
Loans, managed portfolio (gross)	33 397	16 858	0	50 255
Customer deposits and accounts payable to cust.	770	13 121	0	13 891

GROUP: Income Statement

NOK MILLION	CORPORATE MARKET	RETAIL MARKET	GUARANTEE PORTFOLIO SMN	TOTAL 30.06.13
Net income from interest and credit commissions	135	59	-4	190
Change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value Other operating income	18 83	10 32	0 1	28 116
Total other operating income	101	42	1	144
Salaries and general administrative expenses Ordinary depreciation, amortisation and write-downs Other operating expense Total other operating expense	-39 -3 -6 -48	-48 -3 -8 <b>-59</b>	0 0 0 0	-87 -6 -14 <b>-107</b>
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses	188	42	-3	227
Impairment losses on loans and advances	-72	-1	1	-72
Operating profit/(loss) after impairment losses	116	41	-2	155
Computed tax charge	-32	-12	0	-44
Profit after tax	84	29	-2	111

NOK MILLION	CORPORATE MARKET	RETAIL MARKET	GUARANTEE PORTFOLIO SMN	TOTAL 30.06.13
Loans (gross) inc. loans in OMF companies	34 528	15 218	0	49 746
Customer deposits and accounts payable to cust.	1 241	15 119	0	16 360

The Group operates in a geographically limited area and reporting based on geographic segments would provide little additional information.

GROUP: Income Statement Balance Sheet Changes in Equity Cash Flow

#### NOTE 3. CHANGE IN VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CARRIED AT FAIR VALUE, GAINS AND LOSSES

NOK MILLION 2.	KV. 2014	2. KV. 2013	30.06.2014	30.06.2013	THE YEAR 2013
Change in value of interest rate derivatives obliged to be carried at fair value through profit or loss <sup>3</sup> Change in value of currency derivatives obliged to be carried	-13	5	-16	11	16
at fair value through profit or loss <sup>1</sup>	-54	-52	-34	-51	-4
Total change in value of financial instruments obliged to be carried at fair value	e -67	-47	-50	-40	12
Change in value of deposits selected for fair value carrying through profit or loss <sup>3</sup> Change in value of borrowings selected for fair value carrying through profit or loss Change in value of loans selected for fair value carrying through profit or loss <sup>3</sup> Change in value of short-term financial investments selected for fair value carrying	2	13 4 -5 0	0 5 2 37	14 1 2 9	21 9 -3 11
Total change in value of financial instruments selected for fair value carrying	25	12	44	26	38
Change in value of interest rate derivatives, hedging <sup>4</sup> Change in value of borrowings, hedged <sup>4</sup>	44 -44	-13 13	51 -51	-17 17	-26 26
Total change in value of financial instruments for hedging	0	0	0	0	0
Total change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value	-42	-35	-6	-14	50
Realised exchange gains/losses(-) bonds and certificates carried at amortised cost Realised exchange gains/losses(-) borrowings and loans carried at amortised cost Realised gain/loss on shares <sup>6</sup> Exchange gains/losses on borrowings and loans carried at amortised cost <sup>1</sup>		-2 53 0	-10 0 -1 37	-12 -1 0 55	-16 -1 0 8
Total change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and lo	sses 12	16	20	28	41

<sup>1</sup> Exchange gains/losses on borrowings and loans carried at amortised cost are chiefly attributable to exchange gain/loss effects which arise when borrowing and lending in foreign currencies are translated at the current exchange rate. Forward exchange contracts and combined interest rate and currency derivatives are carried at fair value with changes in value carried through profit or loss. The net foreign exchange effect for the Group was recognised income of NOK 3 million as of the end of the second quarter of 2014, compared with NOK 4 million during the same period in 2013. The annual effect for 2013 was a recognised income of NOK 4 million. Exposure to exchange rate fluctuations is low.

<sup>2</sup> Change in the value of financial investments selected for fair value carrying gave rise to a recognised income of NOK 37 million as of the end of the second quarter of 2014, compared with recognised income of NOK 9 million for the same period in 2013. The annual effect was a recognised income of NOK 11 million in 2013.

<sup>3</sup> The net effect of interest rate derivatives obliged to be carried at fair value and changes in the value of financial instruments selected for fair value carrying was recognised income of NOK 2 million at the end of the second quarter of 2014, compared with NOK 28 million during the same period in 2013. The annual effect was recognised income of NOK 43 million in 2013.

<sup>4</sup> BN Bank uses fair value hedges for new fixed-rate borrowing and related hedge instruments. The borrowings are hedged 1:1 through external contracts where the principal, interest stream, term and hedging transaction match. It is the interest rate risk that is hedged and the hedging transactions entered into are documented. With value hedging, the hedge instrument is accounted for at fair value, and the hedge object is accounted for at fair value for the hedged risk. Changes in these values from the opening balance sheet are carried in profit or loss. The credit risk is not hedged and therefore does not affect the valuations. The value of the hedging instruments as at 30 June 2014 was positive by NOK 209 million, compared with NOK 168 million during the same period last year. As at 31 December 2013, the values were positive in the amount of NOK 174 million.

<sup>5</sup> Realised exchange gains/losses on bonds, certificates and borrowing carried at amortised cost gave rise to recognised expense of NOK 11 million as of the end of the second quarter of 2014, compared with a recognised expense of NOK 13 million for the same period in 2013. The annual effect for 2013 was a recognised expense of NOK 17 million.

<sup>6</sup> During the second quarter of 2014, shares owned by the Bank were written down by a total of NOK 0.5 million.

GROUP: Income Statement | Balance Sheet | Changes in Equity | Cash I

### NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Fair value of financial instruments

#### Interest swap agreements, currency swap agreements and forward exchange contracts

The measurement of interest swap agreements at fair value is performed using a valuation technique where future cash flows are discounted to present values. The calculation of expected cash flows and the discounting of these cash flows is performed using observed market interest rates for the various currencies (interest-rate swap curve) and observed exchange rates (from which forward exchange rates are derived).

#### Interest swap agreements with credit spread

The measurement of interest swap agreements with credit spread at fair value is performed using a valuation technique where future cash flows are discounted to present values. The calculation of expected cash flows and the discounting of these cash flows is performed using observed market interest rates for the various currencies (interest-rate swap curve) with premium for the original credit spread on the interest swap agreement.

#### Certificates and bonds issued by others

Certificates and bonds are measured at quoted prices where such are available and the securities are liquid. Other securities were valued using price estimates obtained from brokers. The values in the comparative figures for 2013 are partly based on a model which involves the discounting of expected future cash flows. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin. The credit margin is again based on estimates from brokers.

#### Loans and advances

For loans measured at fair value, the valuation is performed using a model where expected future cash flows are discounted to present values. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin which reflects the price of our own borrowing, and an additional premium equal to the original margin premium on the loan.

#### Borrowings selected for fair value carrying

Where borrowing/funding is measured at fair value, quoted borrowings will be measured at market prices where such are available and the securities are liquid. For other securities, the valuation was performed using price estimates obtained from brokers or using a model which involves the discounting of expected future cash flows. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin. The credit margin is based on estimates from brokers.

#### Hedged borrowing/funding

Borrowings included in value hedges are measured using a model which involves the discounting of expected future cash flows. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus the original credit margin.

#### Deposits

For deposits measured at fair value, the valuation is performed using a model where expected future cash flows are discounted to present values. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin.

#### Shares

The shares primarily consist of the Bank's stake in SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS. The valuation of these shares is approximately equal to the capital that has been invested in these companies.

#### Division into measurement levels

Financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period are divided into the following levels of fair value measurement:

- Level 1: Quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability

- Level 2: Measurement is performed using a valuation technique and discounting of expected future cash flows. The risk-free interest rate is read from the market through the interest rate on loans between especially creditworthy banks (interest-rate swap curve). The premium for credit risk is determined on the basis of other market players' ongoing assessments of the Bank's creditworthiness.
- Level 3: Measurement based on factors not taken from observable markets nor which have observable assumptions as input to the valuation.

GROUP: Income Statemen

hanges in Equity - Cash Ele

#### The Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2014

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup> Currency derivatives Short-term securities investments	0 0 0	0 607 4 4 206	679 0 0 460	679 607 4 4 666
Total assets	0	4817	1 139	5 956
Subordinated loan capital Debt securities in issue Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup> Currency derivatives Customer deposits & accounts payable to customers	0 0 0 0	-176 -1 876 -432 -37 163	0 0 0 0	-176 -1 876 -432 -37 163
Total liabilities	0	-2 357	0	-2 357

<sup>1</sup> The value of the hedge instruments earmarked for fair value hedging as at 30 June 2014 was positive by NOK 209 million.

#### The Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances	0	0	1 095	1 095
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	617	0	617
Currency derivatives	0	16	0	16
Equity-linked options and equity options	0	1	0	1
Short-term securities investments	0	3 847	537	4 384
Total assets	0	4 481	1 632	6 113
Subordinated loan capital	0	-179	0	-179
Debt securities in issue	0	-4 048	0	-4 048
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	-466	0	-466
Currency derivatives	0	-62	0	-62
Customer deposits & accounts payable to customers	0	-1 037	0	-1 037
Total liabilities	0	-5 792	0	-5 792

<sup>1</sup> The value of the hedge instruments earmarked for fair value hedging as at 30 June 2013 was positive by NOK 168 million.

## The Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances	0	0	895	895
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup> Currency derivatives	0	606 16	0	606 16
Short-term securities investments	748	3 242	382	4 372
Total assets	748	3 864	1 277	5 889
Subordinated loan capital	0	-172	0	-172
Debt securities in issue	0	-2 534	0	-2 534
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	-472	0	-472
Currency derivatives	0	-15	0	-15
Customer deposits & accounts payable to customers	0	-382	0	-382
Total liabilities	0	-3 575	0	-3 575

<sup>1</sup> The value of the hedge instruments earmarked for fair value hedging as at 31 December 2013 was positive by NOK 174 million.

GROUP: Income Statemer

#### The Group's financial instruments measured at fair value, Level 3, as at 30 June 2014

NOK MILLION	LOANS AND ADVANCES	SHORT.TERM SECURITIES INVESTMENTS	TOTAL
Opening balance	895	382	1 277
Investments in the period/new agreements Matured	0 -218	79 0	79 -218
Changes in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses	3	-1	2
Closing balance	679	460	1 139
Of which, result for the period relating to financial instruments still on the balance sheet	5	0	5

### The Group's financial instruments measured at fair value, Level 3, as at 30 June 2013

NOK MILLION	LOANS AND ADVANCES	SHORT.TERM SECURITIES INVESTMENTS	TOTAL
Opening balance	1 226	420	1 646
Investments in the period/new agreements	1	117	118
Matured	-134	0	-134
Changes in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses	2	0	2
Closing balance	1 095	537	1 632
Of which, result for the period relating to financial instruments still on the balance sheet	13	0	13

#### The Group's financial instruments measured at fair value, Level 3, as at 31 December 2013

NOK MILLION	LOANS AND ADVANCES	SHORT.TERM SECURITIES INVESTMENTS	TOTAL
Opening balance	1 226	420	1 646
Investments in the period/new agreements	2	87	89
Sales in the period (at book value)	0	-125	-125
Matured	-330	0	-330
Changes in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses	-3	0	-3
Closing balance	895	382	1 277
Of which, result for the period relating to financial instruments still on the balance sheet	2	0	2

#### Sensitivity analysis, Level 3

For loans carried at fair value, only changes in margin are a non-observable input to the fair value calculation. Changes in margin do not significantly affect the calculation of fair value and have not been quantified for this reason.

### The Group's valuation methodology

Within the finance department, the Group has a team which is responsible for valuing assets and liabilities for accounting purposes. The team reports to the Chief Finance Officer. In addition, the actual reports from the period's valuations are submitted to the Audit Committee in connection with the submission of the financial statements. The principles used for the valuation are also regularly reported to the Audit Committee.

Assumptions used for valuation within Level 3 are linked to changes in the margin on loans.

GROUP: Income Stateme

## NOTE 5. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Guarantee commission	1	1	3	2	4
Commission income from SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS <sup>1,2</sup>	21	39	38	74	153
Commission income from SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS <sup>1</sup>	27	18	55	33	82
Net other commission income/expense	2	0	4	-1	-5
Other operating income	12	7	12	8	8
Total other operating income	63	65	112	116	242

<sup>1</sup> For loans that have been transferred to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS, BN Bank receives commission which is calculated as the interest on the loans less expenses incurred by SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt and SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt.

<sup>2</sup> From 2014 onwards, these costs will also include a premium for the capital that the owners have invested in Sparebank 1 Næringskreditt for the loans transferred by BN Bank. This premium is intended to ensure a return on capital after tax in SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt corresponding to 8 per cent. This involves a reduction in the commission received by BN Bank from SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt compared with last year.

## NOTE 6. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES AND WRITE-DOWNS ON LOANS AND GUARANTEES

The various elements included in impairment losses and write-downs on loans are set out in Note 1 to the annual Report. Loans past due by more than three months are defined as loans not serviced under the loan agreement for three months or more. However, as a first mortgage lender, the Group can gain access to revenue, either through the courts or by some voluntary solution. Impairment losses and write-downs described here apply to loans carried at amortised cost and changes in value and gains/losses on the sale of repossessed properties in the current period.

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Write-offs in excess of prior-year write-downs	23	0	23	0	1
Write-offs on loans without prior write-downs	1	0	3	0	12
Write-downs for the period:					
Change in collective write-downs	-6	8	-2	9	-3
Change in collective write-downs related to Guarantee Portfolio	-21	-6	-24	-19	-15
Total change in collective write-downs	-27	2	-26	-10	-18
Increase in loans with prior-year write-downs <sup>1</sup>	51	4	60	18	27
Provisions against loans without prior write-downs	1	24	2	79	141
Decrease in loans with prior-year write-downs	-20	-3	-25	-3	-21
Total change in individual write-downs	32	25	37	94	147
Gross impairment losses	29	27	37	84	142
Recoveries on previous write-offs	7	7	10	12	13
Impairment losses on loans and advances	22	20	27	72	129
Revenue recognition of interest on written-down loans	-3	3	-8	5	5

GROUP: Income Statement| Bala

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NOK MILLION Q2 2014 Q2 2013 30.06.14 30.06.13 31.12.13 154 Individual write-downs to cover impairment losses at start of period 151 102 48 48 Write-offs covered by prior-year individual write-downs 0 -1 -1 -2 -7 Write-downs for the period: Increase in loans with prior-year individual write-downs 39 0 41 0 0 Write-downs on loans without prior individual write-downs 21 2 76 133 1 Decrease in loans with prior-year individual write-downs -20 -3 -25 -3 -20 Individual write-downs to cover impairment losses at end of period 171 119 171 119 154 Collective write-downs to cover impairment losses at start of period 65 66 66 62 65 -2 -3 Collective write-downs for the period to cover impairment losses -6 8 9 Collective write-downs to cover impairment losses at end of period 60 74 60 74 62

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Provision for losses on financial guarantees concerning the Guarantee Portfolio at start of period <sup>1</sup> Write-offs covered by prior-year individual write-downs	103 -39	85 0	101 -39	72 0	72 0
Write-downs for the period: Increase in loans with prior-year individual write-downs Write-downs on loans without prior individual write-downs Decrease in loans with prior-year individual write-downs	9 0 0	2 3 0	11 0 0	15 3 0	24 6 -1
Provision for losses on financial guarantees concerning the Guarantee Portfolio at end of period <sup>1</sup>	73	90	73	90	101
Collective write-downs linked to the Guarantee Portfolio at start of period Collective write-downs for the period to cover losses in Guarantee Portfolio	29 -21	34 -6	32 -24	47 -19	47 -15
Collective write-downs linked to the Guarantee Portfolio at end of period <sup>1</sup>	8	28	8	28	32
Total loss provisions related to Guarantee Portfolio	81	118	81	118	133

<sup>1</sup> BN Bank has previously entered into an agreement with SpareBank 1 SMN for the latter to take over the Bank's Ålesund portfolio. Including the loss that has already been determined, the Bank's maximum exposure is thus down to NOK 196 million, which at the end of the second quarter of 2014 represented 0.7% of the Group's total lending. The total provision for losses in the Guarantee Portfolio was NOK 81 million as at the end of June 2014.

#### Loans past due more than 3 months

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Gross principal Individual write-downs	366 109	813 75	569 75
Individual write-downs	257	738	494

GROUP: Income Statement

Changes in Equity - Cash Ela

#### Other loans with individual write-downs<sup>1</sup>

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Gross principal Individual write-downs	390 135	408 134	658 180
Net principal	255	274	478

Loans past due by more than three months by sector and as a percentage of loans <sup>2</sup>

NOK MILLION	GROSS OUTSTANDING 30.06.14	%	GROSS OUTSTANDING 30.06.13	%	GROSS OUTSTANDING 31.12.13	%
Corporate Market	309	1,50	758	3,21	504	2,33
Retail Market	57	0,71	55	0,64	65	0,85
Total	366	1,28	813	2,48	569	1,91

<sup>1</sup>As regards notes concerning other loans with individual write-down, the figures that are disclosed include the Guarantee Portfolio with respect to SpareBank 1 SMN.

<sup>2</sup> Non-performing loans as a percentage of loans is calculated on the basis of gross lending within the Group.

## NOTE 7. SUMMARY OF GROSS MANAGED LOANS

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Corporate and retail loans, Group Vendor financing	28 631 0	32 228 -22	29 309 0
Gross lending	28 631	32 206	29 309
Loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt Loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt	12 811 8 813	10 908 6 632	12 393 8 323
Total loans, managed portfolio	50 255	49 746	50 025

#### NOTE 8. TRANSFER OF LOANS TO SPAREBANK 1 NÆRINGSKREDITT

SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS was established in 2009 and is licensed by the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway to operate as a credit institution. The company's bonds have an Aa1 rating from Moody's. The company is owned by the savings banks that form the SpareBank 1 consortium and is co-located with SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS in Stavanger. BN Bank owns no shares in SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt at 30 June 2014. The purpose of the company is to secure for the consortium banks a source of stable, long-term financing of commercial real estate at competitive rates. SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt procures loans with mortgages on commercial properties and issues covered bonds within the regulations governing such bonds established in 2007. As part of the consortium, BN Bank may transfer loans to the company and, as part of the Bank's funding strategy, loans have been transferred from BNkreditt. Loans transferred to Sparebank 1 Næringskreditt AS are secured by mortgages on commercial properties for up to 60 per cent of the appraised value. Transferred loans are legally owned by Sparebank 1 Næringskreditt AS and, apart from the management right and the right to take over fully or partially written-down loans, BNkreditt has no right to the use of these loans. At the end of June 2014, the book value of transferred loans was NOK 12.8 billion. BNkreditt is responsible for managing the transferred loans and BNkreditt receives a commission based on the net return on the loans transferred by the Bank and the costs to the company.

BN Bank has pledged guarantees for the transferred loan commitments where they exceed 25 per cent of SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt's capital base. As at 30 June 2014, the aforementioned guarantees amount to NOK 0 million.

GROUP: Income Statement | Balance Sheet | Changes in Eq

The loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS are very well secured and there is only a very slight probability of loss. BNkreditt has a remaining involvement in the form of a possible settlement against the commission it receives. Should there arise accounting credit losses or a fall in margin relating to one or more transferred loans, SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS can reduce the commission BNkreditt receives with the loss. A reduction in commission for BNkreditt is limited to the total commission for the calendar year and if SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS subsequently has its loss covered, the commission will be paid back to BNkreditt. The maximum amount which BNkreditt can be required to pay back has been calculated, but is not material and is thus not recorded on the balance sheet. The fair value of the expected reduction in commission has been calculated and deemed immaterial. A possible settlement against the commission has therefore had no effect on the balance sheet or the result during the period.

The consideration received for loans transferred from BNkreditt to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS is equal to the nominal value of transferred loans and is measured as virtually concurrent with the fair value of the loans as at the end of the second quarter.

#### Guarantee provided by BN Bank to BNkreditt

In order to attend to the interests of existing bond holders in BNkreditt, in connection with the transfer of loans to Sparebank 1 Næringskreditt BN Bank has guaranteed that BNkreditt will have a capital adequacy ratio of at least 20 per cent at all times. Should the capital adequacy ratio fall below 20 per cent, the Parent Bank will cede precedence with respect to its accounts receivable with BNkreditt and/or provide a guarantee. As at 30 June 2014, BNkreditt's capital adequacy ratio was 21.29 per cent. The amount the Parent Bank is ceding precedence for stood at NOK 0 million as at 30 June 2014.

### NOTE 9. TRANSFER OF LOANS TO SPAREBANK 1 BOLIGKREDITT

SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt is owned by the savings banks that form the SpareBank 1 consortium and is co-located with SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS in Stavanger. BN Bank has a stake of 4.78% as at 30 June 2014. The purpose of the company is to secure for the banks within the consortium a source of stable, long-term financing of residential mortgage loans at competitive rates. The company's bonds have ratings of Aaa and AAA from Moody's and Fitch respectively. SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt procures loans with mortgages on residential properties and issues covered bonds within the regulations governing such bonds established in 2007. As part of the consortium, BN Bank may transfer loans to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt and, as part of the Bank's funding strategy, loans have been transferred to the company. Loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS are secured by mortgages on residential properties for up to 75 per cent of the appraised value. Transferred loans are legally owned by SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS and, apart from the management right and the right to take over fully or partially written-down loans, BN Bank has no right to the use of these loans. At the end of June 2014, the book value of transferred loans was NOK 8.8 billion. BN Bank is responsible for managing the transferred loans and receives a commission based on the net return on the loans transferred by the Bank and the costs to the company.

BN Bank has, in conjunction with the other owners of SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS, entered into agreements to establish a liquidity facility for SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS. This means that the owner banks have undertaken to purchase covered bonds in the case that SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS is unable to refinance its business in the market. The purchase is limited to the total value of the maturities in the company at any time in the next twelve months. Previous purchases under this agreement are deducted from future purchase obligations. Each owner is principally liable for his share of the refinancing need, alternatively for the double of what the primary liability may be in accordance with the same agreement. The bonds can be deposited in Norges Bank and thus give rise to no material increase in risk for BN Bank. According to its own internal policy, SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS maintains its liquidity for the next 12 months' maturities. This is deducted when the banks'liability is measured. It is therefore only in the event that SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS no longer has sufficient liquidity for the next 12 months' maturities that BN Bank will report any commitment here with regard to capital adequacy or major commitments.

BN Bank has also entered into a shareholder agreement with the shareholders of SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS. Among other things, this means that BN Bank will contribute to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS having a tier 1 capital ratio of at least 9.0 per cent, and if required inject tier 1 capital if it falls to a lower level. SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS having a tier 1 capital ratio of at least 10.0 per cent. On the basis of a concrete assessment, BN Bank has chosen not to hold capital for this obligation because the risk of BN Bank being compelled to contribute is considered very slight. Reference is also made in that connection to the fact that there are a number of alternative courses of action which may be relevant should such a situation arise.

The loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS are very well secured and there is only a very slight probability of loss. BN Bank has a remaining involvement in the form of a possible settlement against the commission it receives. Should there arise accounting credit losses or a fall in margin relating to one or more transferred loans, SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS can reduce the commission BN Bank receives with the loss. A reduction in commission for BN Bank is limited to the total commission for the calendar year and if SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS subsequently has its loss covered, the commission will be paid back to BN Bank. The maximum amount which BN Bank can be required to pay back has been calculated, but is not material and is thus not recorded on the balance sheet. The fair value of the expected reduction in commission has been calculated and deemed immaterial. A possible settlement against the commission has therefore had no effect on the balance sheet or the result during the period.

The consideration received for loans transferred from BN Bank to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS is equal to the nominal value of transferred loans and is measured as virtually concurrent with the fair value of the loans as at the end of the second quarter of 2014 and 2013.

INTERIM REPORT GROUP

GROUP: Income Statement

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#### NOTE 10. BORROWING

The balance sheet includes borrowing at a fixed interest rate included in hedging carried at amortised cost, while other borrowing at a fixed interest rate is selected for carrying at fair value. Borrowing at a variable interest rate is carried at amortised cost.

#### Debt securities in issue

The Group has issued bonds and certificates with a nominal value of NOK 2,750 million as at 30 June 2014, either as new issues or the expansion of existing open loans.

NOK MILLION	CERTIFICATES	BONDS	TOTAL
Net debt (nominal) 1 January 2014 New issues Expansion of existing Acquisition and maturity of existing	1 500 0 -422	14 743 1 300 350 -1 225	16 243 1 300 350 -1 647
Net debt (nominal) 31 March 2014	1 078	15 168	16 246
New issues Expansion of existing Acquisition and maturity of existing	300 250 -778	400 150 -341	700 400 -1 119
Net debt (nominal) 30 June 2014	850	15 377	16 227

### Subordinated loan capital and perpetual subordinated capital securities

The Group has issued subordinated capital securities with a nominal value of NOK 400 million as at 30 June 2014, either as new issues or the expansion of existing open loans.

NOK MILLION	SUBORDINATED CAPITAL SECURITIES	RESPONSIBLE LOAN CAPITAL	TOTAL
Net debt (nominal) 1 January 2014 New issues Acquisition and maturity of existing	650 400 -202	800 0 0	1 450 400 -202
Net debt (nominal) 31 March 2014	848	800	1 648
Acquisition and maturity of existing	-1	0	-1
Net debt (nominal) 30 June 2014	847	800	1 647

## Recognised values

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Certificates selected for fair value carrying	860	2 960	1 519
Total recognised value of certificates	860	2 960	1 519
Bonds carried at amortised cost Bonds carried at amortised cost (secured debt) Bonds selected for fair value carrying	10 039 4 631 1 016	9 776 4 168 1 088	9 739 4 244 1 015
Total recognised value of bonds	15 686	15 032	14 998
Total recognised value of debt securities in issue	16 546	17 992	16 517

INTERIM REPORT GROUP

GROUP: Income Statement | Bala

Sheet | Changes in Equity | Cash Flow

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Perpetual subordinated capital securities carried at amortised cost Perpetual subordinated capital securities selected for fair value carrying	682 176	483 179	483 172
Total recognised value of capital securities	858	662	655
Subordinated loans carried at amortised cost	803	803	804
Total recognised value of subordinated loans	803	803	804
Total recognised value of subordinated loans and capital securities	1 661	1 465	1 459

## NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS COMPARED WITH RECOGNISED VALUE

	30.06.14		30	.06.13	31.12.13	
NOK MILLION	FAIR VALUE	RECOGNISED VALUE	FAIR VALUE	RECOGNISED VALUE	FAIR VALUE	RECOGNISED VALUE
Subordinated loans	0	0	0	0	1	1
Loans and advances	28 415	28 401	32 013	32 013	29 094	29 094
Prepayments and accrued income	197	197	9	9	58	58
Interest rate derivatives	607	607	616	616	606	606
Currency derivatives	3	3	16	16	16	16
Equity-linked options and equity options	0	0	1	1	0	0
Short-term securities investments	6 639	6 638	6 549	6 545	6 124	6 1 2 2
Cash and balances due from credit institutions	551	551	1 529	1 529	1 585	1 585
Subordinated loan capital	-1 692	-1 661	-1 489	-1 465	-1 471	-1 459
Liabilities to credit institutions	-79	-79	-715	-715	-13	-13
Debt securities in issue	-16 747	-16 546	-18 039	-17 992	-16 671	-16 517
Accrued expense and deferred income	-81	-81	-283	-283	-133	-133
Other current liabilities	-23	-24	-20	-20	-10	-10
Interest rate derivatives	-432	-432	-466	-466	-472	-472
Currency derivatives	-37	-37	-62	-62	-15	-15
Customer deposits & accounts payable to custome	ers -13 891	-13 891	-16 360	-16 360	-15 169	-15 169
Total	3 430	3 647	3 299	3 366	3 530	3 694

In connection with the calculation of fair value of certificates and bonds at amortised cost, we have used estimates of market prices from brokers. Treasury bills are recognised at the most recent bid price. Financial derivatives are carried in their entirety at fair value, and consequently no difference will be presented in the balance sheet between fair value and recognised value. In the comparative figures from 2013, the fair value of bonds and certificates at amortised cost has partly been calculated using a model where the cash flow of the security is discounted by the NIBOR/Swap interest rate plus a credit margin. The credit margin is again based on estimates from brokers.

#### Subdivision of fair value measurement for financial instruments carried at amortised cost

Financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period are subdivided into the following levels of fair value measurement:

- Level 1: Quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability

- Level 2: Measurement is performed using a valuation technique and discounting of expected future cash flows. The risk-free interest rate is read from the market through the interest rate on loans between especially creditworthy banks (interest-rate swap curve). The premium for credit risk is determined on the basis of other market players' ongoing assessments of the Bank's creditworthiness.
- Level 3: Measurement based on factors not taken from observable markets nor which have observable assumptions as input to the valuation.

GROUP: Income Statemer

### The Group's assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost as at 30 June 2014

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Short-term securities investments	299	1 671	0	1 970
Total assets	299	1 671	0	1 970
Subordinated loan capital	0	-1 517	0	-1 517
Debt securities in issue	0	-10 239	0	-10 239
Total liabilities	0	-11 756	0	-11 756

## The Group's assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost as at 30 June 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Short-term securities investments	745	1 416	0	2 161
Total assets	745	1 416	0	2 161
Subordinated loan capital	0	-1 308	0	-1 308
Debt securities in issue	0	-9 828	0	-9 828
Total liabilities	0	-11 136	0	-11 136

## The Group's assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost as at 31 December 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Short-term securities investments	497	1 252	0	1 749
Total assets	497	1 252	0	1 749
Subordinated loan capital	0	-1 298	0	-1 298
Debt securities in issue	0	-9 893	0	-9 893
Total liabilities	0	-11 191	0	-11 191

GROUP: Income Statement

## NOTE 12. RIGHT OF OFF-SET, FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES

With effect from 2013, the BN Bank Group must provide information on the financial instruments for which it has entered into off-set agreements in accordance with IFRS 7.13 A-F. The company has no items which are recognised net in the balance sheet in accordance with IFRS 7.13.C a-c.

The Group enters into standardised and chiefly bilateral ISDA contracts for derivatives transactions with financial institutions, which give the parties the right of off-set in the event of default. The Group has also entered into additional collateral-posting agreements (CSAs) with some of the counterparties.

Financial assets			30.06.14
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS'	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	290	35	255
Counterparty 2	120	120	0
Counterparty 3	79	18	61
Counterparty 4	57	43	14
Counterparty 5	53	29	24
Counterparty 6	11	5	6
Total	610	250	360

Financial liabilities			30.06.14
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	35	35	0
Counterparty 2	339	120	219
Counterparty 3	18	18	0
Counterparty 4	43	43	0
Counterparty 5	29	29	0
Counterparty 6	5	5	0
Total	469	250	219

Financial assets			30.06.13
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	290	53	237
Counterparty 2	120	120	0
Counterparty 3	104	18	86
Counterparty 4	55	41	14
Counterparty 5	52	46	6
Counterparty 6	12	8	4
Total	633	286	347

GROUP: Income Statement

Balance Sheet | Changes in Equity| Cash Flow

**Financial liabilities** 30.06.13 AMOUNT SUBJECT AMOUNT AFTER AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET TO SETTLEMENT POSSIBLE COUNTERPARTY **ON NET BASIS<sup>1</sup>** NET-OFFS Counterparty 1 0 53 53 Counterparty 2 362 120 242 Counterparty 3 18 0 18 Counterparty 4 41 41 0 0 Counterparty 5 46 46 0 Counterparty 6 8 8 528 286 242 Total

Financial assets			31.12.13
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	301	42	259
Counterparty 2	111	111	0
Counterparty 3	114	17	97
Counterparty 4	48	38	10
Counterparty 5	40	40	0
Counterparty 6	8	8	0
Total	622	256	366

Financial liabilities			31.12.13
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS'	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	42	42	0
Counterparty 2	341	111	230
Counterparty 3	17	17	0
Counterparty 4	38	38	0
Counterparty 5	41	40	1
Counterparty 6	8	8	0
Total	487	256	231

<sup>1</sup> The amount subject to settlement on a net basis that is not presented net in the balance sheet

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#### NOTE 13. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

#### Process for assessing capital adequacy requirement

During the second quarter of 2014, the BN Bank obtained approval to use internal measurement methods (Internal Rating Based Approach - Advanced) for measuring credit risk for corporate engagement. The use of IRB imposes comprehensive requirements on the Bank's organisation, competence, risk models and risk management systems. Approval of the Retail Market is under consideration, but has been put on hold due to new requirements concerning residential mortgage loans which were presented by the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway on 1 July 2014.

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Share capital	706	706	706
Premium fund	415	415	415
Appropriated dividend	0	0	240
Reserve for unrealised gains	296	174	296
Other equity	1 945	2 042	1 945
Other equity	3 361	3 336	3 601
Tier 1 capital			
Deferred tax, goodwill and other intangible assets	-8	-50	-7
Deduction for appropriated dividend	0	0	-240
50% deduction subordinated capital in other financial institutions	-171	-173	-205
50% deduction in expected loss IRB minus loss provisions	-48	0	0
Interim profit included in tier 1 capital (50%)	83	56	0
Total core tier 1 capital	3 218	3 168	3 149
Perpetual subordinated capital securities, hybrid capital 1	397	559	556
Total tier 1 capital	3 615	3 727	3 705
Tier 2 capital in addition to tier 1 capital			
Perpetual subordinated capital securities, hybrid capital in excess of 15% and 35%	0	93	95
Fixed-term subordinated capital	798	798	798
50% deduction subordinated capital in other financial institutions	-171	-173	-205
50% deduction in expected loss IRB minus loss provisions	-48	0	0
Total tier 2 capital	579	717	688
Net subordinated capital	4 194	4 444	4 393
Minimum requirements concerning subordinated capital, Basel II <sup>2</sup>			
Loans with specialist enterprises	872	0	0
Loans with other enterprises	236	0	0
Equity positions	81	0	0
Total credit risk IRB	1 189	0	0
Operational risk	83	74	74
Loans calculated according to the standard method	588	2458	2243
Deduction in the capital requirement	-27	-36	-40
Minimum requirements, subordinated capital	1 833	2 496	2 277
Calculation basis	22 912	31 199	28 458
Control a de una constitu			
Capital adequacy ratio	14.04 %	10 16 04	11 07 0/
Core tier 1 capital ratio		10.16 %	11.07 %
Tier 1 capital ratio	15.78 % 18 31 %	11.95 % 14.25 %	13.02 %
Capital adequacy ratio	18.31 %	14.25 %	15.44 %
Francisco detaile and Nick 10			

<sup>1</sup> For more details, see Note 10.

<sup>2</sup> From the second quarter of 2014, BN Bank has obtained approval to use internal measurement methods for credit risk linked to corporate engagements. Historical minimum requirements for subordinated capital are reported according to the standard method.

GROUP: Income Statement| Balance Sheet | Changes in Equity|

#### NOTE 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### Sale of structured products

BN Bank was sued in a group action over structured savings products in 2008. The Supreme Court ruled in February 2010 that group litigation is not appropriate for assessing this type of product.

Three of the Bank's customers then sued the Bank individually in the District Court, but the Court ruled against them on 8 July 2011. Three of the Bank's customers then sued the Bank individually in the District Court, but the Court ruled against them on 8 July 2011. The ruling was appealed to the Borgarting Court of Appeal, but the case was settled in court with the same result for the Bank as after the District Court's decision, whereby the Bank was obliged to pay its own costs.

BN Bank has also provided loans to finance Artemis structured products. BN Bank was sued by six customers, but the lawsuits were settled in court without the Bank having paid any compensation to the applicants.

In March 2013, the Norwegian Supreme Court passed judgment in the so-called "Røeggen case". The Norwegian Financial Services Complaints Board has in that connection requested all the banks involved, including BN Bank, to re-assess the complaints against them that have been brought before the Complaints Board, in the light of the judgment. Following a further review, BN Bank still takes the view that the cases the Bank is involved in are not comparable with the "Røeggen case". Statements from the Financial Appeal Board during the first quarter of 2014 have supported the Bank's view. All complaints concerning the products have been considered by the board and none of the complaints were upheld. This applies to complaints where the Bank has been a lender and an issuer. As a result, the Bank has made no provision related to structured products in 2014.

## NOTE 15. CONTINGENT OUTCOMES, EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Apart from the matters mentioned in Note 14 above, there are no assets or liabilities to which contingent outcomes are attached and where those outcomes could have a significant impact on the Group's financial position and results.

There have been no significant events after the reporting period.

## NOTE 16. INCOME STATEMENT FOR FIVE MOST RECENT QUARTERS

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013	Q2 2013
Interest and similar income Interest expense and similar charges	373 247	357 250	378 268	395 286	400 296
Net income from interest and credit commissions	126	107	110	109	104
Change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses Other operating income	12 63	8 49	7 66	6 60	16 65
Total other operating income	75	57	73	66	81
Salaries and general administrative expenses Depreciation, amortisation and write-downs Other operating expenses	47 2 7	50 2 6	45 3 6	43 3 7	42 3 7
Total other operating expense	56	58	54	53	52
Impairment losses on loans and advances	21	5	64	-7	20
Profit before tax	124	101	65	129	113
Computed tax charge	31	27	17	36	32
Profit after tax	93	74	48	93	81

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## Income Statement

					PARENT BANK	
NOK MILLION	NOTE	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	FU 30.06.13	LL-YEAR 2013
Interest and similar income Interest expense and similar charges		289 216	308 267	563 436	623 543	1 222 1 039
Net income from interest and credit commissions		73	41	127	80	183
Change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses Other operating income	2, 3 4	13 42	17 26	23 75	36 42	54 89
Total other operating income		55	43	98	78	143
Salaries and general administrative expenses Ordinary depreciation, amortisation and write-downs Other operating expense		29 2 4	23 3 5	60 4 9	50 6 9	102 12 18
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses		35	31	73	65	132
Impairment losses on loans and advances		93	53	152	93	194
Impairment losses on loans and advances	6	11	0	11	-4	20
Operating profit/(loss) after impairment losses		82	53	141	97	174
Income from ownership interests in group companies	5	167	118	167	118	118
Profit before tax		249	171	308	215	292
Tax charge		66	15	82	27	43
Profit after tax		183	156	226	188	249
Statement of other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		0	0	0	0	10
Actuarial gains (losses) on pension plans Tax		0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	12 -3
Other comprehensive income (net of tax)		0	0	0	0	9
Total comprehensive income for the period		183	156	226	188	258

in Equity| Cash Flow| Note

## Balance Sheet

			PARENT BANK	
NOK MILLION	NOTE	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Intangible assets		8	7	7
Ownership interests in group companies		1 600	1 877	1 600
Subordinated loans	11	450	451	452
Tangible fixed assets		12	15	13
Loans and advances	3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13	11 484	14 165	13 430
Prepayments and accrued income	11	185	8	56
Financial derivatives	3, 11, 12	569	574	543
Current securities investments	3, 11	6 638	6 021	6 1 2 2
Cash and balances due from credit institutions	11	10 888	13 396	10 656
Assets classified as held for sale		0	1	0
Total assets		31 834	36 515	32 879
Share capital		706	706	706
Share premium		415	416	415
Other equity		1 317	1 262	1 332
Total equity		2 438	2 384	2 453
Deferred tax		111	42	64
Subordinated loan capital	3, 10, 11	1 661	1 465	1 459
Liabilities to credit institutions	11	79	995	13
Debt securities in issue	3, 10, 11	13 019	14 546	13 060
Accrued expenses and deferred income	6, 11	133	208	176
Other current liabilities	11	24	20	16
Current taxes		35	3	23
Financial derivatives	3, 11, 12	439	488	442
Customer deposits and accounts payable to cust.	3, 13	13 895	16 364	15 173
Total liabilities		29 396	34 131	30 426
Total liabilities and equity		31 834	36 515	32 879

Trondheim, 5 August 2014 The Board of Directors in BN Bank ASA

Tore Medhus (Deputy Chair)

Rolf Eigil Bygdes

Finn Haugan (Chair)

Harald Gaupen

Helene Jebsen Anker

Tina Steinsvik Sundt

Jannike Lund (Employee representative) Ella Skjørestad

Gunnar Hovland (Managing Director)

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# Change in Equity

				PARENT BANK		
NOK MILLION	SHARE CAPITAL	SHARE PREMIUM	OTHER PAID-IN EQUITY	OTHER EARNINGS <sup>1</sup>	TOTAL EQUITY	
Balance Sheet as at 1 January 2013 Net income for the period Dividend paid Capital increase	668 0 0 38	266 0 0 149	282 0 0 0	980 188 -187 0	2 196 188 -187 187	
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2013	706	415	282	981	2 384	
Net income for the period Actuarial gains (losses) on pensions (net of tax)	0 0	0 0	0 0	61 8	61 8	
Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2013	706	415	282	1 050	2 453	
Net income for the period Dividend paid	0 0	0 0	0 0	225 -240	225 -240	
Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2014	706	415	282	1 035	2 438	

<sup>1</sup> The reserve for unrealised gains is included under Other reserves. Provision of NOK 295 million had been made as at 31 December 2013.

INTERIM REPORT GROUP

PARENT BAN

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in Equity <u>Cash Flow</u> Note

## Cash Flow Analysis

		PARENT BANK	
NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest/commission received and fees received from customers	357	371	599
Interest/commission paid and fees paid to customers	-54	-110	-511
Interest received on other investments	87	56	200
Interest paid on other loans	-249	-266	-550
Receipts/disbursements (-) on loans and advances to customers	1 894	817	669
Receipts/disbursements on customer deposits and accounts payable to cust.	-1 333	-718	-1 557
Receipts/disbursements (-) on liabilities to credit institutions	-16	232	-927
Receipts/disbursements (-) on securities in issue and securities buy-back	-209	409	-1 042
Receipts on previously written-off debt	3	8	8
Other receipts/disbursements	19	-71	-187
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	-40	-22	-53
Payments to employees, pensions and national insurance expenses	-43	-31	-66
Tax paid	-23	-34	-31
Net cash flow from operating activities	393	641	-3 448
Cash flows from investing activities			
Receipts/payments (-) on receivables from credit institutions	-270	-139	3 536
Receipts/payments (-) on current securities investments	-491	-409	-510
Receipts/payments (-) on long-term securities investments	167	118	395
Purchases of operating assets, etc.	-3	-2	-5
Purchases of operating assets, etc.	-597	-432	3 416
	577	152	5 110
Cash flow from financing activities			
Receipts of subordinated loan capital	197	-156	-156
Dividend paid	-240	0	0
Net cash flow from financing activities	-43	-156	-156
Net cash flow for the period	-247	53	-188
Cash and receivables from central banks as at 1 January *	248	436	436
Cash and balances due from central banks as at the end of the period	1	489	248

\* In the case of the Parent Bank, cash and balances due consist of deposits in Norges Bank.

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NOTE 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS, including IAS 34 on Interim Financial Reporting. A description of the accounting policies applied by the Group when preparing the interim financial statements is given in the annual report for 2013 with the following exceptions: .

IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" is based on the current principles of using the concept of control as the decisive criterion for determining whether a company should be included in the parent company's consolidated financial statements. The standard provides comprehensive guidance for assessing whether control is present in those cases where this is difficult to determine. As at the end of 2013, the Group has no assets in companies that must revise their accounting policies as a result of the standard. To date in 2014, there have also been no investments in companies which are subject to actual control and which should therefore be consolidated.

IFRS 12 "Disclosures of Interest in Other Entities" contains notes concerning investments in other entities. The standard sets out requirements for notes concerning investments in subsidiaries, associated companies, special purpose entities (SPEs) and other unconsolidated companies. The aim is to provide information on characteristics and risks linked to the Group's investments in such companies and the effects that this has on the Group's balance sheet, income statement and cash flows. The Group has concluded that the standard will not have a material impact on the information disclosed in the financial statements.

#### NOTE 2. CHANGE IN VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CARRIED AT FAIR VALUE, GAINS AND LOSSES

NOK MILLION Q2	2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Change in value of interest rate derivatives obliged to be carried at fair value through profit or loss <sup>3</sup> Change in value of currency derivatives obliged to be carried at	-12	5	-15	11	17
fair value through profit or loss 1	-55	-52	-34	-51	-4
Total change in value of financial instruments obliged to be carried at fair value	-67	-47	-49	-40	13
Change in value of deposits selected for fair value carrying through profit or loss $^3$	0	12	0	14	21
Change in value of borrowings selected for fair value carrying through profit or loss <sup>3</sup>	3	1	5	3	9
Change in value of loans selected for fair value carrying through profit or loss <sup>3</sup>	11	33	-2	62	113
Change in value of short-term financial investments selected for fair value carrying <sup>2</sup>	20	0	37	9	11
Total change in value of financial instruments selected for fair value carrying	34	46	40	88	154
Change in value of interest rate derivatives, hedging <sup>4</sup>	41	-10	50	-19	-25
Change in value of borrowings, hedged 4	-41	10	-50	19	25
Total change in value of financial instruments for hedging	0	0	0	0	0
Total change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value	-33	-1	-9	48	167
Realised exchange gains/losses(-) bonds and certificates carried at amortised cost <sup>5</sup>	1	-1	-10	-8	-12
Realised exchange gains/losses(-) borrowings and loans carried at amortised cost <sup>5</sup>	0	0	0	-1	-1
Realised gain/loss on shares 6	-1	0	-1	0	5
Exchange gains/losses on borrowings and loans carried at amortised cost 1	46	19	43	-3	-105
Total change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses	13	17	23	36	54

<sup>1</sup> A1 Exchange gains/losses on borrowings and loans carried at amortised cost are chiefly attributable to exchange gain/loss effects which arise when borrowing and lending in foreign currencies are translated at the current exchange rate. Forward exchange contracts and combined interest rate and currency derivatives are carried at fair value with changes in value carried through profit or loss. The net foreign exchange effect for the Group was recognised income of NOK 2 million as of the end of the second quarter of 2014, compared with NOK 4 million during the same period in 2013. The annual effect for 2013 was a recognised income of NOK 4 million. Exposure to exchange rate fluctuations is low.

2 Change in the value of financial investments selected for fair value carrying gave rise to a recognised income of NOK 37 million for the first six months of 2014, compared with recognised income of NOK 9 million for the same period in 2013. The annual effect was a recognised income of NOK 11 million in 2013.

3 The net effect of interest rate derivatives obliged to be carried at fair value and changes in the value of financial instruments selected for fair value carrying was a recognised expense of NOK 5 million at the end of the second quarter of 2014, compared with NOK 14 million for the same period in 2013. The annual effect for 2013 was a recognised expense of NOK 47 million.

4 BN Bank uses fair value hedges for new fixed-rate borrowing and related hedge instruments. The borrowings are hedged 1:1 through external contracts where the principal, interest stream, term and hedging transaction match. It is the interest rate risk that is hedged and the hedging transactions entered into are documented. With value hedgins, the hedge instrument is accounted for at fair value, and the hedge object is accounted for at fair value for at fair value, and the hedge instrument is accounted for at fair value for the hedged inst. Changes in these values from the opening balance sheet are carried in profit or loss. The credit risk is not hedged and therefore does not affect the valuations. The value of the hedging instruments as at 30 June 2014 was positive by NOK 188 million, compared with NOK 144 million during the same period last year. As at 31 December 2013, the values were positive in the amount of NOK 130 million.

5 Realised exchange gains/losses on bonds, certificates and borrowings carried at amortised cost gave rise to a recognised expense of NOK 10 million for the first six months of 2014, compared with NOK 9 million for the same period in 2013. The annual effect for 2013 was a recognised expense of NOK 13 million.

6 The subsidiary BN Boligkreditt AS was liquidated in the fourth quarter of 2013, with a realised capital gain in 2013 of NOK 5 million. During the second quarter of 2014, shares owned by the Bank were written down by a total of NOK 0.5 million.

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## NOTE 3. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### Methods of determining fair value

#### Interest swap agreements, currency swap agreements and forward exchange contracts

The measurement of interest swap agreements at fair value is performed using a valuation technique where future cash flows are discounted to present values. The calculation of expected cash flows and the discounting of these cash flows is performed using observed market interest rates for the various currencies (interest-rate swap curve) and observed exchange rates (from which forward exchange rates are derived).

#### Rentebytteavtaler med kredittspread

The measurement of interest swap agreements with credit spread at fair value is performed using a valuation technique where future cash flows are discounted to present values. The calculation of expected cash flows and the discounting of these cash flows is performed using observed market interest rates for the various currencies (interest-rate swap curve) with premium for the original credit spread on the interest swap agreement.

#### Certificates and bonds issued by others

Certificates and bonds are measured at quoted prices where such are available and the securities are liquid. Other securities were valued using price estimates obtained from brokers. The values in the comparative figures for 2013 are partly based on a model which involves the discounting of expected future cash flows. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin. The credit margin is again based on estimates from brokers.

#### Loans and advances

For loans measured at fair value, the valuation is performed using a model where expected future cash flows are discounted to present values. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin which reflects the price of our own borrowing, and an additional premium equal to the original margin premium on the loan.

#### Borrowings selected for fair value carrying

Where borrowing/funding is measured at fair value, quoted borrowings will be measured at market prices where such are available and the securities are liquid. For other securities, the valuation was performed using price estimates obtained from brokers or using a model which involves the discounting of expected future cash flows. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin. The credit margin is based on estimates from brokers.

#### Hedged borrowing/funding

Borrowings included in value hedges are measured using a model which involves the discounting of expected future cash flows. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus the original credit margin.

#### Deposits

For deposits measured at fair value, the valuation is performed using a model where expected future cash flows are discounted to present values. The discount rate is determined using the NIBOR/Swap curve plus an appropriate credit margin.

#### Shares

The shares primarily consist of the Bank's stake in SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS. The valuation of these shares is approximately equal to the capital that has been invested in these companies.

#### Division into measurement levels

Financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period are divided into the following levels of fair value measurement:

- Level 1: Quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability

- Level 2: Measurement is performed using a valuation technique and discounting of expected future cash flows. The risk-free interest rate is read from the market through the interest rate on loans between especially creditworthy banks (interest-rate swap curve). The premium for credit risk is determined on the basis of other market players' ongoing assessments of the Bank's creditworthiness.
- Level 3: Measurement based on factors not taken from observable markets nor which have observable assumptions as input to the valuation.

## The Parent Bank's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2014

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances	0	0	328	328
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	565	0	565
Currency derivatives	0	4	0	4
Short-term securities investments	0	4 206	460	4 666
Total assets	0	4 775	788	5 563
Subordinated loan capital	0	-176	0	-176
Debt securities in issue	0	-1 072	0	-1 072
Interest rate derivatives 1 <sup>1</sup>	0	-402	0	-402
Currency derivatives	0	-37	0	-37
Customer deposits & accounts payable to customers	0	163	0	163
Total liabilities	0	-1 523	0	-1 523

<sup>1</sup> The value of the hedge instruments earmarked for fair value hedging as at 30 June 2014 was positive by NOK 188 million.

## The Parent Bank's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 30 June 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances	0	0	443	443
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	557	0	557
Currency derivatives	0	16	0	16
Equity-linked options and equity options	0	1	0	1
Short-term securities investments	0	3 847	537	4 384
Total assets	0	4 421	980	5 401
Subordinated loan capital	0	-179	0	-179
Debt securities in issue	0	-3 033	0	-3 033
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	-426	0	-426
Currency derivatives	0	-62	0	-62
Customer deposits & accounts payable to customers	0	-1 037	0	-1 037
Total liabilities	0	-4 737	0	-4 737

<sup>1</sup> The value of the hedge instruments earmarked for fair value hedging as at 30 June 2013 was positive by NOK 144 million.

## The Parent Bank's assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Loans and advances	0	0	416	416
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	527	0	527
Currency derivatives	0	16	0	16
Short-term securities investments Total assets	748	3 242	382	4 372
	748	3 785	798	5 331
Subordinated loan capital	0	-172	0	-172
Debt securities in issue	0	-1 577	0	-1 577
Interest rate derivatives <sup>1</sup>	0	-427	0	-427
Currency derivatives	0	-15	0	-15
Customer deposits & accounts payable to customers	0	-382	0	-382
Total liabilities	0	-2 573	0	-2 573

<sup>1</sup> The value of the hedge instruments earmarked for fair value hedging as at 31 December 2013 was positive by NOK 130 million.

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#### The Parent Bank's financial instruments measured at fair value, Level 3, as at 30 June 2014

NOK MILLION	LOANS AND ADVANCE	SHORT-TERM SECURITIES INVESTMENTS	TOTAL
Opening balance Investments in the period/new agreements Matured Changes in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses	416 0 -88 0	382 79 0 -1	798 79 -88 -1
Closing balance	328	460	788
Of which, result for the period relating to financial instruments still on the balance sheet	2	0	2

## The Parent Bank's financial instruments measured at fair value, Level 3, as at 30 June 2013

NOK MILLION	LOANS AND ADVANCE	SHORT-TERM SECURITIES INVESTMENTS	TOTAL
Opening balance	521	420	941
Investments in the period/new agreements	1	117	118
Sales in the period (at book value)	-83	0	-83
Changes in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses	4	0	4
Closing balance	443	537	980
Of which, result for the period relating to financial instruments still on the balance sheet	2	0	2

#### The Parent Bank's financial instruments measured at fair value, Level 3, as at 31 December 2013

NOK MILLION	LOANS AND ADVANCE	SHORT-TERM SECURITIES INVESTMENTS	TOTAL
Opening balance	521	420	941
Investments in the period/new agreements	2	87	89
Sales in the period (at book value)	0	-125	-125
Matured	-111	0	-111
Changes in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses	4	0	4
Closing balance	416	382	798
Of which, result for the period relating to financial instruments still on the balance sheet	5	0	5

#### Sensitivity analysis, Level 3

In the case of loans carried at fair value, only changes in margin constitute a non-observable input to the fair value calculation. Changes in margin do not significantly affect the calculation of fair value and have not been quantified for this reason.

## The Group's valuation methodology

Within the finance department, the Group has a team which is responsible for valuing assets and liabilities for accounting purposes. The team reports to the Chief Finance Officer. In addition, the actual reports from the period's valuations are submitted to the Audit Committee in connection with the submission of the financial statements. The principles used for the valuation are also regularly reported to the Audit Committee.

Assumptions used for valuation within Level 3 are linked to changes in the margin on loans.

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## NOTE 4. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.14	31.12.13
Guarantee commission	1	1	4	2	4
Commission income from SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS <sup>1</sup> Net other commission income/expense	27 2	18 0	55 4	33 0	82 -5
Other operating income	12	7	12	7	8
Total other operating income	42	26	75	42	89

<sup>1</sup> The Bank receives commission on loans that are transferred to Sparebank1 Boligkreditt AS, which is calculated as the lending rate on the loans less costs in Sparebank1 Boligkreditt AS.

## NOTE 5. INCOME FROM OWNERSHIP INTERESTS IN GROUP COMPANIES

For 2013, an ordinary general meeting of the subsidiary Bolig- og Næringskreditt AS decided to pay a group contribution of NOK 167 million before tax.

## NOTE 6. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES AND WRITE-DOWNS ON LOANS AND GUARANTEES

The various elements included in impairment losses and write-downs on loans are set out in Note 1 to the annual Report. Loans past due by more than three months are defined as loans not serviced under the loan agreement for three months or more. However, as a first mortgage lender, the Group can gain access to revenue, either through the courts or by some voluntary solution. Impairment losses and write-downs described here apply to loans carried at amortised cost and changes in value and gains/losses on the sale of repossessed properties in the current period.

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.14	31.12.13
Write-offs in excess of prior-year write-downs Write-offs on loans without prior write-downs	23 1	0 0	23 3	0 0	0 12
<b>Write-downs for the period:</b> Change in collective write-downs Change in collective write-downs related to Guarantee Portfolio	0 -21	-6 0	1 -24	0 -19	0 -15
Total change in collective write-downs	-21	-6	-23	-19	-15
Increase in loans with prior-year write-downs <sup>1</sup> Provisions against loans without prior write-downs Decrease in loans with prior-year write-downs	17 1 -10	4 6 -3	20 2 -12	18 6 -3	27 19 -17
Total change in individual write-downs	8	7	10	21	29
Gross impairment losses Recoveries on previous write-offs	11 0	1 1	13 2	2 6	26 6
Impairment losses on loans and advances	11	0	11	-4	20
Revenue recognition of interest on written-down loans	0	2	-1	3	1

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NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.14	31.12.13
Individual write-downs to cover impairment losses at start of period Write-offs covered by prior-year individual write-downs	25 0	29 -1	27 -1	30 -2	30 -2
Write-downs for the period: Increase in loans with prior-year individual write-downs Write-downs on loans without prior individual write-downs Decrease in loans with prior-year individual write-downs	8 1 -10	0 3 -3	8 2 -12	0 15 -16	0 15 -16
Individual write-downs to cover impairment losses at end of period	24	28	24	27	27
Individual write-downs to cover impairment losses at end of period Collective write-downs for the period to cover impairment losses	30 0	29 0	29 1	29 0	29 0
Collective write-downs to cover impairment losses at end of period	30	29	30	29	29

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q2 2013	30.06.14	30.06.14	31.12.13
Provision for losses on financial guarantees concerning the					
Guarantee Portfolio at start of period	103	85	101	72	72
Write-offs covered by prior-year individual write-downs	-39	0	-39	0	0
Write-downs for the period:					
Increase in loans with prior-year individual write-downs	9	2	11	15	24
Write-downs on loans without prior individual write-downs	0	3	0	3	6
Decrease in loans with prior-year individual write-downs	0	0	0	0	-1
Provision for losses on financial guarantees concerning					
the Guarantee Portfolio at end of period 1	73	90	73	90	101
Collective write-downs linked to the Guarantee Portfolio at start of period	29	34	32	47	47
Collective write-downs for the period to cover losses in Guarantee Portfolio	-21	-6	-24	-19	-15
Collective write-downs linked to the Guarantee Portfolio at end of period $^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}$	8	28	8	28	32
Total loss provisions related to Guarantee Portfolio 1	81	118	81	118	133

<sup>1</sup> B1 BN Bank has previously entered into an agreement with SpareBank1 SMN for the latter to take over the Bank's Ålesund portfolio. Including the loss that has already been determined, the Bank's maximum exposure is thus down to NOK 196 million, which at the end of the second quarter of 2014 represented 0.7% of the Group's total lending. The total provision for losses in the Guarantee Portfolio was NOK 81 million as at the end of June 2014.

## Loans past due more than 3 months <sup>1, 2</sup>

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Gross principal Individual write-downs	98 10	284 27	146 7
Net principal	88	257	139

#### Other loans with individual write-downs<sup>1</sup>

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Gross principal Individual write-downs	262 87	293 91	460 99
Net principal	175	202	361

## Loans past due by more than three months by sector and as a percentage of loans $^{\rm 1,\,2}$

NOK MILLION	GROSS OUTSTANDING 30.06.14	%	GROSS OUTSTANDING 30.06.13	%	GROSS OUTSTANDING 31.12.13	%
Corporate Market	41	1.18	229	4.05	81	1.39
Retail Market	57	0.71	55	0.64	65	0.85
Total	98	0.85	284	1.92	146	0.93

<sup>1</sup> As regards notes concerning other loans with individual write-down, the figures that are disclosed include the Guarantee Portfolio with respect to SpareBank 1 SMN. <sup>2</sup> Non-performing loans as a percentage of loans is calculated on the basis of gross loans within the Parent Bank.

## NOTE 7. SUMMARY OF GROSS MANAGED LOANS

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Corporate and retail loans Vendor financing	11 517 0	14 244 -22	13 489 0
Gross lending	11 517	14 222	13 489
Loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt	8 813	6 632	8 323
Total loans, managed portfolio	20 330	20 854	21 812

## NOTE 8. TRANSFER OF LOANS TO SPAREBANK 1 NÆRINGSKREDITT

SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS was established in 2009 and is licensed by the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway to operate as a credit institution. The company's bonds have an Aa1 rating from Moody's. The company is owned by the savings banks that form the SpareBank 1 consortium and is co-located with SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS in Stavanger. BN Bank owns no shares in SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt at 30 June 2014. The purpose of the company is to secure for the consortium banks a source of stable, long-term financing of commercial real estate at competitive rates. SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt procures loans with mortgages on commercial properties and issues covered bonds within the regulations governing such bonds established in 2007. As part of the consortium, BN Bank may transfer loans to the company and, as part of the Bank's funding strategy, loans have been transferred from BNkreditt. Loans transferred to Sparebank 1 Næringskreditt AS are secured by mortgages on commercial properties for up to 60 per cent of the appraised value. Transferred loans are legally owned by Sparebank 1 Næringskreditt AS and, apart from the management right and the right to take over fully or partially written-down loans, BNkreditt has no right to the use of these loans. At the end of June 2014, the book value of transferred loans was NOK 12.8 billion. BNkreditt is responsible for managing the transferred loans and BNkreditt receives a commission based on the net return on the loans transferred by the Bank and the costs to the company.

BN Bank has pledged guarantees for the transferred loan commitments where they exceed 25 per cent of SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt's capital base. As at 30 June 2014, the aforementioned guarantees amount to NOK 0 million.

The loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS are very well secured and there is only a very slight probability of loss. BNkreditt has a remaining involvement in the form of a possible settlement against the commission it receives. Should there arise accounting credit losses or a fall in margin relating to one or more transferred loans, SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS can reduce the commission BNkreditt receives with the loss. A reduction in commission for BNkreditt is limited to the total commission for the calendar year and if SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS subsequently has its loss covered, the commission will be paid back to BNkreditt. The maximum amount which BNkreditt can be required to pay back has been calculated, but is not material and is thus not recorded on the balance sheet. The fair value of the expected reduction in commission has been calculated and deemed immaterial. A possible settlement against the commission has therefore had no effect on the balance sheet or the result during the period.

The consideration received for loans transferred from BNkreditt to SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS is equal to the nominal value of transferred loans and is measured as virtually concurrent with the fair value of the loans as at the end of the second quarter of 2014 and 2013.

#### Guarantee provided by BN Bank to BNkreditt

In order to attend to the interests of existing bond holders in BNkreditt, in connection with the transfer of loans to Sparebank 1 Næringskreditt BN Bank has guaranteed that BNkreditt will have a capital adequacy ratio of at least 20 per cent at all times. Should the capital adequacy ratio fall below 20 per cent, the Parent Bank will cede precedence with respect to its accounts receivable with BNkreditt and/or provide a guarantee. As at 30 June 2014, BNkreditt's capital adequacy ratio was 21.29 per cent. The amount the Parent Bank is ceding precedence for stood at NOK 0 million as at 30 June 2014.

#### NOTE 9. TRANSFER OF LOANS TO SPAREBANK 1 BOLIGKREDITT

SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt is owned by the savings banks that form the SpareBank 1 consortium and is co-located with SpareBank 1 Næringskreditt AS in Stavanger. BN Bank has a stake of 4.78% as at 30 June 2014. The purpose of the company is to secure for the banks within the consortium a source of stable, long-term financing of residential mortgage loans at competitive rates. The company's bonds have ratings of Aaa and AAA from Moody's and Fitch respectively. SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt procures loans with mortgages on residential properties and issues covered bonds within the regulations governing such bonds established in 2007. As part of the consortium, BN Bank may transfer loans to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt and, as part of the Bank's funding strategy, loans have been transferred to the company. Loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS are secured by mortgages on residential properties for up to 75 per cent of the appraised value. Transferred loans are legally owned by SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS and, apart from the management right and the right to take over fully or partially written-down loans, BN Bank has no right to the use of these loans. At the end of June 2014, the book value of transferred loans was NOK 8.8 billion. BN Bank is responsible for managing the transferred loans and receives a commission based on the net return on the loans transferred by the Bank and the costs to the company.

BN Bank has, in conjunction with the other owners of SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS, entered into agreements to establish a liquidity facility for SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS. This means that the owner banks have undertaken to purchase covered bonds in the case that SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS is unable to refinance its business in the market. The purchase is limited to the total value of the maturities in the company at any time in the next twelve months. Previous purchases under this agreement are deducted from future purchase obligations. Each owner is principally liable for his share of the refinancing need, alternatively for the double of what the primary liability may be in accordance with the same agreement. The bonds can be deposited in Norges Bank and thus give rise to no material increase in risk for BN Bank. According to its own internal policy, SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS maintains its liquidity for the next 12 months' maturities. This is deducted when the banks' liability is measured. It is therefore only in the event that SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS no longer has sufficient liquidity for the next 12 months' maturities that BN Bank will report any commitment here with regard to capital adequacy or major commitments.

BN Bank has also entered into a shareholder agreement with the shareholders of SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS. Among other things, this means that BN Bank will contribute to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS having a tier 1 capital ratio of at least 9.0 per cent, and if required inject tier 1 capital if it falls to a lower level. SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS has internal guidelines stipulating a tier 1 capital ratio of at least 10.0 per cent. On the basis of a concrete assessment, BN Bank has chosen not to hold capital for this obligation because the risk of BN Bank being compelled to contribute is considered very slight. Reference is also made in that connection to the fact that there are a number of alternative courses of action which may be relevant should such a situation arise.

The loans transferred to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS are very well secured and there is only a very slight probability of loss. BN Bank has a remaining involvement in the form of a possible settlement against the commission it receives. Should there arise accounting credit losses or a fall in margin relating to one or more transferred loans, SpareBank 1 Boliakreditt AS can reduce the commission BN Bank receives with the loss. A reduction in commission for BN Bank is limited to the total commission for the calendar year and if SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS subsequently has its loss covered, the commission will be paid back to BN Bank. The maximum amount which BN Bank can be required to pay back has been calculated, but is not material and is thus not recorded on the balance sheet. The fair value of the expected reduction in commission has been calculated and deemed immaterial. A possible settlement against the commission has therefore had no effect on the balance sheet or the result during the period.

The consideration received for loans transferred from BN Bank to SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt AS is equal to the nominal value of transferred loans and is measured as virtually concurrent with the fair value of the loans as at the end of the second quarter of 2014 and 2013.

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## NOTE 10. BORROWING

The balance sheet includes borrowing at a fixed interest rate included in hedging carried at amortised cost, while other borrowing at a fixed interest rate is selected for carrying at fair value. Borrowing at a variable interest rate is carried at amortised cost.

#### Debt securities in issue

The Parent Bank has issued bonds and certificates with a nominal value of NOK 2,350 million as at 30 June 2014, either as new issues or the expansion of existing open loans.

NOK MILLION	CERTIFICATES	BONDS	TOTAL
Net debt (nominal) 1 January 2014 New issues Expansion of existing Acquisition and maturity of existing	1 350 0 -422	11 540 1 300 350 -1 201	12 890 1 300 350 -1 623
Net debt (nominal) 31 March 2014	928	11 989	12 917
New issues Expansion of existing Acquisition and maturity of existing	300 250 -628	0 150 -209	300 400 -837
Net debt (nominal) 30 June 2014	850	11 930	12 780

#### Subordinated loan capital and perpetual subordinated capital securities

The Parent Bank has issued subordinated capital securities with a nominal value of NOK 400 million as at 30 June 2014, either as new issues or the expansion of existing open loans.

NOK MILLION	SUBORDINATED CAPITAL SECURITIES	RESPONSIBLE LOAN CAPITAL	TOTAL
Net debt (nominal) 1 January 2014 New issues Acquisition and maturity of existing	650 400 -202	800 0 0	1 450 400 -202
Net debt (nominal) 31 March 2014	848	800	1 648
Acquisition and maturity of existing	-1	0	-1
Net debt (nominal) 30 June 2014	847	800	1 647

## **Recognised values**

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Certificates carried at fair value	860	2 809	1 367
Total recognised value of certificates	860	2 809	1 367
Bonds carried at amortised cost Bonds carried at amortised cost (secured debt) Bonds selected for fair value carrying	8 239 3 708 212	8 295 3 219 223	8 208 3 275 210
Total recognised value of bonds	12 159	11 737	11 693
Total recognised value of debt securities in issue	13 019	14 546	13 060
Perpetual subordinated capital securities carried at amortised cost Perpetual subordinated capital securities carried at fair value	682 176	483 179	483 172
Total recognised value of capital securities	858	662	655
Subordinated loans carried at amortised cost	803	803	804
Total recognised value of subordinated loans	803	803	804
Total recognised value of subordinated loans and capital securities	1 661	1 465	1 459

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## NOTE 11. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS COMPARED WITH RECOGNISED VALUE

	30	.06.14	30	.06.13	31.12	.13
NOK MILLION	FAIR VALUE	RECOGNISED VALUE	FAIR VALUE	RECOGNISED VALUE	FAIR VALUE	RECOGNISED VALUE
Subordinated loans	453	451	453	451	453	452
Loans and advances	11 484	11 484	14 165	14 165	13 430	13 430
Prepayments and accrued income	191	191	8	8	56	56
Interest rate derivatives	565	565	557	557	527	527
Currency derivatives	4	4	16	16	16	16
Equity-linked options and equity options	0	0	1	1	0	0
Short-term securities investments	6 640	6 638	6 0 2 5	6 0 2 1	6 124	6 122
Cash and balances due from credit institutions	10 888	10 888	13 396	13 396	10 656	10 656
Assets classified as held for sale	0	0	1	1	0	0
Subordinated loan capital	-1 692	-1 661	-1 489	-1 465	-1 471	-1 459
Liabilities to credit institutions	-79	-79	-995	-995	-13	-13
Debt securities in issue	-13 196	-13 019	-14 593	-14 546	-13 196	-13 060
Accrued expense and deferred income	-81	-81	-208	-208	-133	-133
Other current liabilities	-23	-23	-20	-20	-10	-10
Interest rate derivatives	-402	-402	-426	-426	-427	-427
Currency derivatives	-37	-37	-62	-62	-15	-15
Customer deposits & accounts payable to custome	rs -13 895	-13 895	-16 364	-16 364	-15 173	-15 173
Total	819	1 023	465	530	824	969

In connection with the calculation of fair value of certificates and bonds at amortised cost, we have used estimates of market prices from brokers. Treasury bills are recognised at the most recent bid price. Financial derivatives are carried in their entirety at fair value, and consequently no difference will be presented in the balance sheet between fair value and recognised value. In the comparative figures from 2013, the fair value of bonds and certificates at amortised cost has partly been calculated using a model where the cash flow of the security is discounted by the NIBOR/Swap interest rate plus a credit margin. The credit margin is again based on estimates from brokers.

#### Subdivision of fair value measurement for financial instruments carried at amortised cost

Financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period are subdivided into the following levels of fair value measurement:

- Level 1: Quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability

- Level 2: Measurement is performed using a valuation technique and discounting of expected future cash flows. The risk-free interest rate is read from the market through the interest rate on loans between especially creditworthy banks (interest-rate swap curve). The premium for credit risk is determined on the basis of other market players' ongoing assessments of the Bank's creditworthiness.

- Level 3: Measurement based on factors not taken from observable markets nor which have observable assumptions as input to the valuation.

PARENT BAI

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Equity Cash Flow Notes

## The Parent Bank's assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost as at 30 June 2014

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Subordinated loans Short-term securities investments	0 299	453 1 671	0 0	453 1 970
Total assets	299	2 124	0	2 423
Subordinated loan capital Debt securities in issue	0 0	-1 517 -8 416	0 0	-1 517 -8 416
Total liabilities	0	-9 933	0	-9 933

## The Parent Bank's assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost as at 30 June 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Subordinated loans Short-term securities investments	0 745	453 896	0 0	453 1 641
Total assets	745	1 349	0	2 094
Subordinated loan capital Debt securities in issue	0 0	-1 308 -8 341	0 0	-1 308 -8 341
Total liabilities	0	-9 649	0	-9 649

## The Parent Bank's assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost as at 31 December 2013

NOK MILLION	LEVEL 1	LEVEL 2	LEVEL 3	TOTAL
Subordinated loans Short-term securities investments	0 497	453 1 252	0 0	453 1 749
Sum eiendeler	497	1 705	0	2 202
Subordinated loan capital Debt securities in issue	0 0	-1 298 -8 344	0 0	-1 298 -8 344
Total liabilities	0	-9 642	0	-9 642

in Equity Cash Flow Notes

## NOTE 12. RIGHT OF OFF-SET, FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES

With effect from 2013, the BN Bank Group must provide information on the financial instruments for which it has entered into off-set agreements in accordance with IFRS 7.13 A-F. The company has no items which are recognised net in the balance sheet in accordance with IFRS 7.13.C a-c.

The Group enters into standardised and chiefly bilateral ISDA contracts for derivatives transactions with financial institutions, which give the parties the right of off-set in the event of default. The Group has also entered into additional collateral-posting agreements (CSAs) with some of the counterparties.

Financial assets			30.06.14
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	120	30	90
Counterparty 2	283	283	0
Counterparty 3	53	18	35
Counterparty 4	54	20	34
Counterparty 5	48	29	19
Counterparty 6	11	5	6
Total	569	385	184

Financial liabilities			30.06.14
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	30	30	0
Counterparty 2	337	283	54
Counterparty 3	18	18	0
Counterparty 4	20	20	0
Counterparty 5	29	29	0
Counterparty 6	5	5	0
Total	439	385	54

Financial assets			30.06.13
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	116	45	71
Counterparty 2	285	285	0
Counterparty 3	52	16	36
Counterparty 4	60	14	46
Counterparty 5	49	46	3
Counterparty 6	12	8	4
Total	574	414	160

Financial liabilities			30.06.13
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	45	45	0
Counterparty 2	359	285	74
Counterparty 3	16	16	0
Counterparty 4	14	14	0
Counterparty 5	46	46	0
Counterparty 6	8	8	0
Total	488	414	74

Financial assets			31.12.13
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	298	31	267
Counterparty 2	105	105	0
Counterparty 3	60	17	43
Counterparty 4	32	8	24
Counterparty 5	40	40	0
Counterparty 6	8	8	0
Total	543	209	334

Financial liabilities			31.12.13
COUNTERPARTY	AMOUNT IN BALANCE SHEET	AMOUNT SUBJECT TO SETTLEMENT ON NET BASIS <sup>1</sup>	AMOUNT AFTER POSSIBLE NET-OFFS
Counterparty 1	31	31	0
Counterparty 2	337	105	232
Counterparty 3	17	17	0
Counterparty 4	8	8	0
Counterparty 5	41	40	1
Counterparty 6	8	8	0
Total	442	209	233

<sup>1</sup> The amount subject to settlement on a net basis that is not presented net in the balance sheet

INTERIM REPORT GROUP

INTERIM REPORT PARENT BANK

PARENT BAN

es in Equity| Cash Flow| Notes

NOTE 13. CAPITAL ADEQUACY

## Process for assessing capital adequacy requirement

During the second quarter of 2014, the BN Bank obtained approval to use internal measurement methods (Internal Rating Based Approach - Advanced) for measuring credit risk for corporate engagement. The use of IRB imposes comprehensive requirements on the Bank's organisation, competence, risk models and risk management systems. Approval of the Retail Market is under consideration, but has been put on hold due to new requirements concerning residential mortgage loans which were presented by the Financial Supervisory Authority of Norway on 1 July 2014.

NOK MILLION	30.06.14	30.06.13	31.12.13
Share capital	706	706	706
Premium fund	415	415	415
Appropriated dividend	0	0	240
Reserve for unrealised gains	295	174	295
Other equity	797	901	797
Total equity	2 213	2 196	2 453
Tier 1 capital			
Deferred tax, goodwill and other intangible assets	-8	-8	-7
Deduction for appropriated dividend	0	0	-240
50% deduction subordinated capital in other financial institutions	-171	-173	-205
50% deduction in expected loss IRB minus loss provisions	-9	0	0
Interim profit included in tier 1 capital (50%)	113	94	0
Total core tier 1 capital	2 138	2 109	2 001
Perpetual subordinated capital securities, hybrid capital 1	397	372	353
Total tier 1 capital	2 535	2 481	2 354
Tier 2 capital in addition to tier 1 capital			
Perpetual subordinated capital securities, hybrid capital in excess of 15% and 35%	0	279	298
Perpetual subordinated capital	0	0	2,0
Fixed-term subordinated capital	798	798	798
50% deduction subordinated capital in other financial institutions	-171	-173	-205
50% deduction is expected loss IRB minus loss provisions	-171 -9	-1/3	-205
Total tier 2 capital	618	904	891
Net subordinated capital	3 153	3 385	3 245
Minimum requirements are coming such and instead comited. Decal II 2			
Minimum requirements concerning subordinated capital, Basel II 2	235	0	0
Loans with specialist enterprises		0	0
Loans with other enterprises	60	0	0
Equity positions	81	0	0
Total credit risk IRB	376	0	0
Operational risk	37	33	33
Loans calculated according to the standard method	1 093	1 391	1 280
Deduction in the capital requirement	-27	-32	-37
Minimum requirements, subordinated capital	1 479	1 392	1 276
Calculation basis	18 483	17 404	15 954
Capital adequacy ratio			
Core tier 1 capital ratio	11,57 %	12,12 %	12,54 %
Tier 1 capital ratio	13,72 %	14,26 %	14,75 %
Capital adequacy ratio	17,06 %	14,20 % 19,45 %	20,34 %
	17,00 70	12,40 70	20,54 70

<sup>1</sup> For more details, see Note 10.

<sup>2</sup> From the second quarter of 2014, BN Bank has obtained approval to use internal measurement methods for credit risk linked to corporate engagements. Historical minimum requirements for subordinated capital are reported according to the standard method.

n Equity <u>Cash Flow</u> Notes

## NOTE 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

## Sale of structured products

BN Bank was sued in a group action over structured savings products in 2008. The Supreme Court ruled in February 2010 that group litigation is not appropriate for assessing this type of product.

Three of the Bank's customers then sued the Bank individually in the District Court, but the Court ruled against them on 8 July 2011. Three of the Bank's customers then sued the Bank individually in the District Court, but the Court ruled against them on 8 July 2011. The ruling was appealed to the Borgarting Court of Appeal, but the case was settled in court with the same result for the Bank as after the District Court's decision, whereby the Bank was obliged to pay its own costs.

BN Bank has also provided loans to finance Artemis structured products. BN Bank was sued by six customers, but the lawsuits were settled in court without the Bank having paid any compensation to the applicants.

In March 2013, the Norwegian Supreme Court passed judgment in the so-called "Røeggen case". The Norwegian Financial Services Complaints Board has in that connection requested all the banks involved, including BN Bank, to re-assess the complaints against them that have been brought before the Complaints Board, in the light of the judgment. Following a further review, BN Bank still takes the view that the cases the Bank is involved in are not comparable with the "Røeggen case". Statements from the Financial Appeal Board during the first quarter of 2014 have supported the Bank's view. All complaints concerning the products have been considered by the board and none of the complaints were upheld. This applies to complaints where the Bank has been a lender and an issuer. As a result, the Bank has made no provision related to structured products in 2014.

## NOTE 15. CONTINGENT OUTCOMES, EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Apart from the matters mentioned in Note 14 above, there are no assets or liabilities to which contingent outcomes are attached and where those outcomes could have a significant impact on the Group's financial position and results.

There have been no significant events after the reporting period.

## NOTE 16. INCOME STATEMENT FOR FIVE MOST RECENT QUARTERS

NOK MILLION	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013	Q2 2013
Interest and similar income Interest expense and similar charges	289 216	274 220	295 239	304 257	308 267
Net income from interest and credit commissions	73	54	56	47	41
Change in value of financial instruments carried at fair value, gains and losses Other operating income	13 42	10 33	14 25	4 22	17 26
Total other operating income	55	43	39	26	43
Salaries and general administrative expenses Depreciation, amortisation and write-downs Other operating expenses	29 2 4	31 2 5	27 3 4	25 3 5	23 3 5
Total other operating expense	35	38	34	33	31
Operating profit/(loss) before impairment losses	93	59	61	40	53
Impairment losses on loans and advances Operating profit/(loss) after impairment losses	11 82	0 59	40 21	-16 56	0 53
Income from ownership interests in group companies	167	0	0	0	118
Profit before tax	249	59	21	56	171
Computed tax charge	66	16	0	16	15
Profit after tax	183	43	21	40	156



To the Board of Directors of BN Bank ASA

## **Report on Review of Interim Financial Information**

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial information of BN Bank ASA, which comprise the financial statements of the group and the financial statements of the parent company. The financial statements of the group and the financial statements of the parent company comprise balance sheet as of 30 June 2014 and the related statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34: "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

## Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity".

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures.

A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with standards on auditing adopted by Den Norske Revisorforening, and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

## Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

Trondheim, 5. August 2014 KPMG AS

Sverre Einersen State Authorised Public Accountant

Note: This translation from Norwegian has been prepared for information purposes only.

# Statement in accordance with Section 5-6 of the Securities Trading Act

We hereby confirm that we believe that the company and consolidated interim accounts for the period 1 January to 30 June 2014 have been prepared in accordance with IAS34 Interim Financial Reporting and that the information in the interim report presents a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and general results of the company and the group.

We believe that the interim report presents a true and fair overview of important events during the financial period and their impact on the interim financial statements, as well as a description of the key risk and uncertainty factors that the organisation will face during the next financial period.

> Trondheim, 5 August 2014 The Board of Directors in BN Bank ASA

Tore Medhus (Deputy Chair) Rolf Eigil Bygdes

Finn Haugan (Chair) Harald Gaupen

Helene Jebsen Anker

Tina Steinsvik Sundt

Jannike Lund (Employee representative) Ella Skjørestad

Gunnar Hovland (Managing Director)



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